

PROSPERITY IS
JUST AROUND
THE CORNERSecretary of Labor Says There
Will Be A Long Period Of
Industrial Activity

GIVES REASONS FOR BELIEF

(No one is in better position than Secretary of Labor Wilson to speak of conditions affecting trade and industry in the United States. Here he tells conclusively why the American people should feel gratified with things as they are now, and with the outlook for the future. Mr. Wilson's reason could be given by no other man. The Victory Liberty Loan, because the money secured through this loan will be the big factor in placing this country on the same level as the nations of the world which Secretary Wilson predicts.)

By WILLIAM B. WILSON,
Secretary of Labor.

When the German military forces had broken through the western front, and there was nothing between them and Paris but thirty miles of space, it was the boys that we feared we could not mobilize, that we could not train, transport or equip, that stepped into the breach at Chateau Thierry, stemmed the tide of the German forces, turned them backward toward Berlin, restored the morale of the French and the British armies, and won the victory for our forces.

Surely if we can make a peace-time organization and transform it almost overnight into a great military machine, we can by the exercise of the same intelligence and the same energy make a military organization transform it into a peace-time machine.

Before the Federal Reserve Act came into operation had been made for financing our foreign trade. We had not developed any large foreign trade in proportion to our domestic trade, and one of the reasons was that we had not found a method of providing the money to finance our foreign trade. The Federal Reserve Act gave to our banks the opportunity of establishing branch banks in foreign countries, thereby laying the foundation for the extension of credit in the development of our foreign trade.

Big Shipping Program.

The necessities of the war compelled us to engage in a tremendous shipbuilding program. We have a very large program now afoot and more ships under construction for merchant purposes than any other country in the world.

We have, therefore, already provided the three great elements necessary for the development of a foreign trade, and when we get our domestic industries into proper operation, and our business men begin to look abroad for a market for the surplus products, they will find the means of vitalizing these agencies that are already in existence.

So that our problem resolves itself for the time being into one of demobilization and the starting of our business on a post-war basis.

It has been stated by statistical experts that even during our periods of industrial activity we had in the neighborhood of a million workers unemployed.

We estimate the total amount of unemployment at the present time is 700,000. That, in itself, based upon our experience of the past, is not an alarming amount of unemployment. The cause for alarm, if any there be, is the fact that the number is continually increasing because the men who are engaged in industry find themselves in an uncertain situation. There is a disposition to hold off on the part of the employers in the hope of prices coming down. There is a possibility of prices coming down without there being an effect upon the wage rates. The manufacturer realizes that if he undertakes to cut prices and the neighbor does likewise, there is a possibility of the whole structure tumbling and the prices going down below even a normal profit.

Wages at Top Notch.

During the period of the war our workers received more in actual, in real wages than they had ever received at any previous time. The cost of living had gone up, but the hourly wage rate of the workers had gone up almost in the same ratio. There were some instances where the hourly wage rate had gone up in excess of the increased cost of living; there were other instances where it did not go up quite as far as the cost of living, but the average was very close to the increase in the cost of living. However, the workers had steadier employment than they had been in the habit of receiving; they worked over-

(Continued on Page Five)

Marshal of the Good Times Parade

FOREIGN MISSION
SOCIETY IN ANNUAL
MEETING TODAY

The forty-fifth annual meeting of the Women's Foreign Missionary society of the Huntingdon Presbyterian church at 8 o'clock last evening. Mrs. Horace R. Smith, of Altoona, President of the Society, called the meeting to order and the Jubilee Hymn was sung. The hundred and twenty-five delegates making the large auditorium ring with the strength and power of their voices.

Mrs. H. B. McCrone, of the Philadelphia Board, made an eloquent opening prayer, after which Mrs. Smith announced the following committee appointments:

Resolutions: Mrs. J. M. Ewing, of Lewistown; Mrs. Harry Mudge, of Winburne; Miss Vene Crawford, of Tyrone; Mrs. R. J. Hillis, of Juniata. Place of next meeting—Mrs. C. W. Todd, of Mt. Union; Mrs. George Brennen, of Hollidaysburg; Mary G. Hoopes, of Mifflintown.

In the absence of Dr. E. C. Reeve, who is in Philadelphia on business in connection with the Victory Liberty Loan campaign, C. E. Roseberry, one of the Elders of the First Presbyterian church was chosen to preside over the "popular meeting."

Following the reading of the scripture lesson and prayer the young women of the Clearfield church presented a pageant entitled "The Voices of the Women." The characters were in costume and the young women acquitted themselves very creditably, eliciting prolonged applause.

Dr. J. A. Eakin, Missionary to Siam, was then introduced and delivered the address of the evening. He took for his subject "Siam in the World War and the Spiritual Warfare." Dr. Eakin is a pleasing speaker and his address was highly interesting and instructive.

He said "The Siamese have a claim on our sympathy and help. They are a progressive people, assimilating everything from other nations but they will not be assimilated themselves." The Presbyterian is the only church doing missionary work in Siam. A spiritual warfare is going on and as Dr. Eakin puts it they

are engaged in trench warfare against organized opposition on a far-flung skirmish line very poorly supported. The missionary needs sympathy, prayer and gifts of the church at home and cannot stay in the field without your help nor return without our help.

The annual thank offering for Foreign Missions was then taken.

The hymn and benediction closed the meeting.

Thursday Morning

The morning session which was devoted to the New Era-Jubilee movement, was called to order promptly at 9 o'clock by Mrs. Smith and following the usual hymn and prayer reports of officers were given.

The secretaries—Miss Magee, Miss Grafius, Miss Potter, Mrs. Jones, Mrs. Moore and Miss Finley each made interesting reports of their branch of the work.

Following their reports Dr. Eakin was again given the floor and discussed the work of the society at length. He laid special stress on the position of the women in regard to this highly important work and thrilled his hearers with his views of the possibilities in the field in which he was laboring.

Mr. Winter, who is located at Shantung, China, then followed with a highly interesting story regarding the work of the industrial school in connection with their Presbyterian mission there, which is also maintained by the Philadelphia board.

Mrs. A. F. Helmen, of Broad avenue, Altoona, led the devotional exercises on the "Newness of Life," which is the motto of this meeting.

Miss Alice Wishart of the Philadelphia Board took up and discussed the "New Era-Jubilee Movement" in a happy and convincing manner. The speaker furnished much food for thought in her intelligent handling of the important subject, her remarks making a deep impression upon the delegates assembled.

The noon recess was then taken, an appetizing luncheon being served by the women of the Clearfield church.

The Treasurers' report showed a healthy financial condition, although the ten per cent. increase hoped for during the past year was not reached, due in part at least to the encroachment of war activities and war.

The selection of place of next meeting, election of officers, etc., will be disposed of this afternoon and the results will be given in The Progress tomorrow.

A GOOD MAN HAS GONE

The funeral of the late Postmaster John C. Barclay was held from his late home on Reed street at 2 o'clock this afternoon. Rev. W. W. Hartman of Trinity Methodist church, officiating. The local Masonic lodge was in charge and conducted their impressive service at the grave in Hillcrest cemetery.

A good man has gone from among us and Mr. Barclay's memory will long be revered by the host of people in this community whose friend he was. Of him it can truthfully be said his great, generous heart never allowed him to turn a deaf ear to any worthy appeal and in consequence many a man whose credit elsewhere in the community was absolutely nil could always go to the bluff, outspoken, genial Squire and find a friend and the one time when a friend is a friend indeed—in time of need.

His charity and good works, while unostentatious, were nevertheless wide-spread and that this was so in even unexpected measure, was demonstrated to his loved ones, who kept sad vigil at his bier since his sudden taking away, by the throngs of sorrowing friends, many of them of the class mentioned above, who vied with the foremost representatives of our business, official and social life in paying the last sad tribute of affection to one they loved for his sterling qualities of head and heart.

AMERICA'S
IMMORTALSPHILIP C. KATZ,
Sergeant, Company C, 383d
Infantry.

Sergt. Katz was decorated for conspicuous gallantry in action near Etchfontaine, France, September 20, 1918. After his company had withdrawn for a distance of 200 yards on a line with the units on its flanks, Sergt. Katz learned that one of his comrades had been left wounded in an exposed position at the point from which the withdrawal had taken place. Voluntarily crossing an area swept by heavy machine gun fire, Sergt. Katz advanced to where the wounded soldier lay and carried him to safety. His mother, Mrs. Jennie Katz, lives in San Francisco.

HUNGARIAN REPUBLIC ESTABLISHED
IN ORDERLY MANNER SAYS REPORTTHE GRANT BLOCK
IN PHILIPSBURG
RAZED BY FIRE

The Grant block, one of Philipsburg's most pretentious business buildings was destroyed by a fire which started in one of the telephone exchanges on the second floor of the building at 4 o'clock this morning.

The Grant block was situated on the town's main corner and was occupied by Troutman's drug store and John Ibberson's dry goods and millinery store, Dr. F. K. White's dental office, H. & C. and Bell telephone exchanges, Moshannon Commandery, K. T. and Philipsburg Lodge of Masons.

The loss is estimated at \$150,000. The residence of Dr. Dinwiddie, which immediately adjoined the Grant block, was also badly damaged by both fire and water.

DOUBLE TRAGEDY AT
ROCHESTER

Rochester, Pa., March 27.—W. T. Clark, railroad engineer, shot and killed his wife, Mrs. Marie Clark, and Barrow J. Andrews last night. He then shot himself and slashed his throat. Physicians say he cannot recover. The tragedy occurred at the home of Mrs. Emma Reichard. According to stories told the police, Clark held a long conversation with his wife outside the house trying to effect a reconciliation. She left him and entered the house and he followed a few minutes later. The shooting then ensued.

OVER A BILLION TIED UP IN
RAILROADS

Pittsburgh, March 27.—The railroad administration will have \$1,000,000,000 tied up in national railroads at the end of this calendar year, Director General Hines declared in a speech here today. This money, Hines said, will be released as rapidly as the railroads can refinance themselves. Hines announced he will ask Congress for an appropriation of \$750,000,000 to be added to the railroad administration's revolving fund for \$600,000,000.

TELEGRAPHERS DISSATISFIED
WITH BURLESON RULE

Chicago, March 27.—Balloting on a nation-wide telegraph and telephone strike was under way today. Postmaster Burleson's wire administration was said to be responsible for the polling of the union telegraph operators. Burleson is blamed for an indifferent attitude by which telegraph companies were permitted to return non-union men to their jobs.

ALMOST BACK TO NORMAL

The Pennsylvania Railroad has long since restored its pre-war passenger schedule on the Tyrone & Clearfield branch and the B. & P. is arranging for an early resumption of its Sunday passenger trains, and it is only reasonable to expect that the down-river people will soon have their pre-war passenger service restored on the River line of the New York Central. The war is over in Europe, let it end everywhere in Pennsylvania, too.

FOREST FIRE YESTERDAY

A fire started in the woods along Little Moose Creek yesterday afternoon and was burning fiercely throughout that region, when last night's welcome rain came to the relief of the corps of tired fire-fighters who had been desperately endeavoring to keep the flames out of valuable growing timber of D. W. Anderson's farm.

STOCK SHARES ACTIVE

New York. Prices were fractionally higher at the stock market opening today. Trading was in good volume. United States Steel opened at 96 7/8, up to 3-4. Mexican Petroleum 176 off 3-8. Marine, Preferred 112 up 7-8.

AMERICAN AND ALLIED AGENTS
WAS ACCORDED EVERY COURTESY BY THE
NEW GOVERNMENT OFFICIALS

NO THREAT OF WAR IS SEEN

EDITOR'S NOTE—Following is the first dispatch from Hungary to be received in this country since the Bolshevik government was set up at Budapest. It effectively denies the reports that Allied representatives have been mistreated by Hungary and that a declaration of war has been declared against the Entente and that there has been blood shed.

By Edward Bing

(United Press Staff Correspondent)

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BUDAPEST, March 25, 10:10 p. m.—The Hungarian Republic was firmly established today without disorder or bloodshed and with amicable relations continued with Allied representatives. All aliens and Allied soldiers are at complete liberty. Everything in the country has been socialized from the top down to the bottom. This reorganization has been accomplished with the apparent approval of the wealthy and aristocrats as well as the poor and humble. The red army is being organized on a volunteer basis. The soldiers are paid \$90 a month. They are clothed, fed and equipped without charge. In addition they receive extra pay for the support of their family. Law and order have been abolished and are supplanted by arbitrary decrees of a chairman and two men. They are virtually in complete control and justice is meted out rapidly and effectively. All attempts have been made to continue the work of the Communist government formed to insure fair distribution of the scanty supply of material. Requisitions for private families are forbidden. Spreading of false news is severely punished. Titles and ranks are abolished.

SADLER AWARDS TWO MILLION CONTRACTS

(By United Press)

HARRISBURG—Highway Commissioner Lewis Sadler yesterday awarded contracts which, for both the mileage and total amount of money involved, breaks all records. Lowest bid contracts totaled \$2,094,499.72. Total mileage involved is 53 miles. Of this 34 1-3 miles are in concrete. The average price for this work being approximately \$36,025 per mile.

SPECIAL COURT TO TRY WAR LORDS

(By United Press)

BERLIN, March 27.—The National Assembly has established a special court to try General Ludendorff, former Chancellor von Bethmann-Hollweg and other officials alleged to be responsible for the war, a dispatch from Meimar reported today.

U. S. EXPORTS 20 MILLIONS DAILY

(By United Press)

WASHINGTON, March 27.—American exports are booming and now average more than twenty million dollars a day according to late reports from the Department of Commerce.

Taft Aids In Making
League Amendments

At Request of President He Is Putting
Views of Republican Objectors in
Additions To Constitution

FOUR AMENDMENTS ARE BEING PREPARED

By Robert J. Bender

(United Press Staff Correspondent)

WASHINGTON, March 25.—Ex-President Taft is working by cable with President Wilson in an effort to so amend the League of Nations' covenant as to make it acceptable to the opposing Republicans. This was officially disclosed today when the White House let it be known that the peace conference in Paris is now working on four amendments to the covenant, written by Taft at President Wilson's request.

THE CLEARFIELD PROGRESS

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MR. BOK NOT QUITE AMERICANIZED YET
TEMPER ALL THOTS WITH COMMON SENSE
MEN OUT OF WORK CANNOT BUY BONDS

Readers of the Ladies Home Journal received quite a shock when the editor of that esteemed journal appeared at the public hearing in Philadelphia in favor of an open Sunday. Mr. Bok, of the Journal, has always been quite enthusiastic over good music and it is perfectly natural to expect him to be in favor of free Sunday concerts of the best in music but it is hard to see how Mr. Bok could fall for the bill which would have permitted most any kind of a show on Sunday under the cover of the musical program. The patriotism and loyalty of Mr. Bok is above question of course but it seems that he has not been in America quite long enough to know what a real American institution is. Mr. Bok and all others who have come to this country and found that success here must come to a realization of the fact that the blue law Sunday is a real American institution. To have it simply to commemorate the day of rest. The all-day dollar is the real goal of the opponents of the closed Sunday.

Common sense is the property which, if properly used, will keep over a lot of our ills. It is always desirable that a man have opinions and principles to which he might adhere clearly for guidance in judgment but all too often a stubborn and unrelenting position of opinion and principles makes of a man a crank and an unreasonable fanatic. There is no objection to any man having his own opinion providing he does not want to deny somebody else the same privilege and grant the opinion of his neighbor an honest conscientious view. Not long ago we heard an argument over the relative merits of baptism and immersion as a means of baptism. Both were of the opinion that their method was the only correct one and the other fellow was to be the joys of heaven unless he had the sacrament administered. A member of a political party will sometimes say every thing that the opposition party does or wants to do simply because he has a misconception of his duty as a member of his party. What problem befalls you today is there in which you are letting your stubborn

nature hinder the solution?
 A man without a job cannot subscribe for a Victory Liberty Bond. Neither can a man who has a family and is not working full time. There are acknowledged facts and it should be fully understood that nobody expects these people to subscribe. It is to be hoped that speakers and solicitors will be able to point out this condition and that everybody fully understands that everybody cannot buy a bond this time. However, there are many who can come in this time who dropped out on the last one. Those who did not buy last time because they were still paying on the Third Loan ought to be able to take their share this time. Every man who has a steady job now on day wages or salary can and ought to come forward this time and buy bonds. The need for the money is just as great now, perhaps greater, than it was during the war. The duty of the citizen to his country is just as great. We have only to look back a half century at the great example of Jay Cooke, of Philadelphia who in the darkest hours of the Civil War came forward with all the money he had or could borrow to save the nation and keep the nation intact. We have no parallel to that case today but we can use the example.

NO ANNETTE KELLERMAN AMONG THESE MONKEYS

New Orleans, March 27.—A monkey detests water. There are no Annette Kellermans among the Simians. A monkey refuses to cross a stream. These characteristics have given birth to a new idea in the minds of members of the Audubon Park commission here, with the result that a monkey island will be established in the center of the lake at Audubon Park. The island will be provided with trees and a jungle, dear to the monkey heart, and the tribe of monkeys, imported from the Central and South American forests, will be able to swing from limb to limb and desert themselves with as much freedom as they did in the days when they were "home" in the jungle.

LATIN STUDENTS SCARCE IN GRAMPIAN

Grampien, Pa., March 25. To the Editor of the Progress:—That essay written on the good roads signed old settler, of March 22nd, the writer wishes to correct his mistake; the garage referred to was just an illusion or shadow from the adjoining mill and cow barn, or in other words Walter Doughman's architect works. Our good road piece has brought many new men out to work. This article is written so as to take the strain off Jess McDonald—I am not using any latin prose in this article as I understand the latter was not understood. Another Old Settler

FOREIGN-BORN LEAD IN LOAN DRIVE



Section of a Group of Foreign-Language Representatives Who Met in Philadelphia to Boost the Victory Liberty Loan.

Foreign-born citizens of the Third Federal Reserve District won the distinction of being the first group of the new Victory Liberty Loan organization to start work when they launched their campaign in Philadelphia on Tuesday, March 4. Representatives of nineteen different nationalities, comprising the subcommittee chairman of the Foreign Language Division, attended and made suggestions for the conduct of the Victory Liberty Loan campaign. In line with the plans of the general committee, this is to be handled on a more intensive scale than any of the four previous loans. In the absence of Judge Joseph Buffington, Chairman, Cassimir A. Sienkiewicz, Executive Secretary, presided. An outline of the new organization was given by A. E. Berry, associate director of the War Loan Organization for the Third Federal Reserve District. "In the security to be offered in the Victory Liberty Loan," he said, "the chief difference from other loans is that instead of offering bonds that mature in fifteen years, the government will offer notes which it will agree to repay in one, two, three, four or five years."

To illustrate his point, Mr. Berry said the securities about to be offered are more like currency, which is payable on demand. He also emphasized that one never dreams of selling a dollar at less than its face value. "Security men who know what they are talking about say there are hardly any securities on the market that give a better net return than government bonds," he said. "The notes, because of the new tax conditions under which they will be sold, will give a better net return than anything else." He likened the members of the Foreign Language Division to trustees for the government in their mission of explaining the Victory Liberty Loan to foreign-born people. E. McLean Watters, Chairman of the Advisory Committee for Pennsylvania of the War Loan Organization, said that foreign-born people of the Third

Federal Reserve District made enviable records in the four preceding Liberty Loan campaigns. He predicted that they will do even better in the Victory Liberty Loan. "Loan subscribers are scattered in some states," said Mr. Watters, "but in Pennsylvania about every third person, whether man, woman or child, is a holder of Liberty Bonds." Former Governor Edwin S. Stuart paid a tribute to the foreign-born when he said that the people who helped to build America were those who came as immigrants and became good American citizens. "We are called upon now to pay for what victory is to do for all of us in the years to come," he said. "We are to pay our debt not only for ourselves, but also to make all the peoples of the earth free to live and worship God according to the dictates of their consciences."

In introducing the chairman of the various racial subcommittees, Mr. Sienkiewicz asked all the committee members to begin at once an active campaign against swindlers who are circulating among small bond holders reports that the bonds are worthless. "This condition is particularly bad in the mining regions," said Mr. Sienkiewicz, "and, of course, the men who are growing rich out of it find a fertile field for their work among the foreign-born, chiefly those who cannot speak English. They are buying at tremendous discounts not only bonds of the first four loans, but also War Savings and Thrift Stamps. We can do a great deal to block this if we will write and urge all our friends of foreign birth to write to their relatives and friends in other parts of the state, advising them that government bonds are as good as money in the bank and warning them against the swindlers."

Races represented in the Foreign Language Division are Albanian, Armenian, Chinese, Czech-Slovak, French, German, Greek, Hungarian, Italian, Japanese, Lettish, Lithuanian, Polish, Rumanian, Russian, Scandinavian, Serbian, Syrian, Ukrainian,

NO FACTIONS IN LOAN

George Wharton Pepper Strikes the Patriotic Keynote.

Politics and political differences have been forgotten in the Third Federal Reserve District Liberty Loan campaign. The keynote for the combination of all political creeds in the district for the Victory Liberty Loan was struck by George Wharton Pepper at the first Loan Workers' conference in Philadelphia on March 12. Mr. Pepper announced that he would not allow his personal opinions to come into conflict with the best interests of the government in floating the loan. One hundred and seventy-five public and speakers' chairmen of Pennsylvania, New Jersey and Delaware were present. The publicity campaign of the drive in April was explained at length. Optimism and a confidence that the American people will be equal to the loan emergency is the spirit in which the workers were urged to go about their task. Mr. Pepper illustrated and emphasized the sentiment which must prevail to make the loan a success. "I am very tired of loans," he said, "and I bought more than I could afford or that I intended to buy in the last loan. But I am going to work with all my heart and soul for the Victory Liberty Loan. I am going to buy more bonds and pay for them somehow. And I am going to make every one around me feel uncomfortable until he has bought his share or more than his share. We're going to finish the job. My personal opinions will not enter into the matter. "They talk about the job being finished, but I don't consider it finished until the shavings and broken bricks lying around have been removed. This job will not be finished until the last boy is home and the last bill paid. Come on, let us make a clean-up." In full accord with the opinion of Secretary Glass, John H. Mason, Director of the War Loan Organization, announced that the Victory Loan cannot be put over on a strict business basis, but must depend for success upon the patriotic enthusiasm of the American people. This enthusiasm

can and will be revived before the loan campaign opens, Mr. Mason predicted. "The job before the publicity and education campaigns is to harrow the ground in preparation for the campaign," Mr. Mason said. "They all say it will be a hard job to float the loan. I say it is a hard job—a man's size job—but I couple this with the statement that we are going to put it over as we put over every other loan. We will finish the job in a good American way. Don't pay attention to the early pessimists because they will be pessimists by the 21st of April." Mr. Mason referred to the tremendous bonded debt assumed by the nation during the Civil War and declared that in proportion our present burden is very light. He estimated that if the country was asked to pay in proportion to its present wealth what was required of it in Civil War days, payments would average \$5,000,000,000 per annum and the bonded debt of the country would be \$40,000,000,000. With the Victory Loan successfully floated our present bonded debt will be only \$24,000,000,000 from which is to be deducted \$9,000,000,000 loaned to other nations, bringing the national indebtedness resulting from the war down to \$15,000,000,000. Mr. Mason scored critics who would have pursued a policy of holding down expenditure when by lavish use of money the war was ended much more speedily than any one believed possible. At least 100,000 lives and 300,000 other casualties had been saved by the quick ending of the war, according to the most conservative official estimates, he declared. A number of novel features to attract public interest to the loan campaign were disclosed by Gilbert E. Gable, Director of Publicity. If the present plans are carried out, either President Wilson or General Pershing will, on the eve of the opening of the campaign send a radiophone message from the Eiffel Tower to Washington. This will be a one hundred word appeal from the American armies to the American people urging success for the loan. Secretary Glass, who will likely receive the message, will relay it immediately through a master phone to sixty cities in each of which 100 Liberty Loan leaders will be assembled to receive and to pass it on to their loan organization.

One pint of water converted into steam means that the latter would require as much space as 1,700 pints of water.

In the seventeenth and eighteenth centuries there was a profound belief in powdered mummies as internal remedies.

LEGAL Intelligence

ESTRAY NOTICE

Came trespassing upon the premises of the undersigned in Penn township, on Wednesday, March 5, 1919, one black horse, 5 years old, will weight twelve or thirteen hundred pounds. Owner can have same by coming forward, proving property, paying charges and taking him away, otherwise he will be disposed of as the law directs and provides.

R. G. FARWELL
 Granipian, Pa.
 M13-20,27

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

In the Estate of Sophia Lawhead, late of Lawrence Township, Clearfield County, Pa., deceased. Notice is hereby given that Letters of Administration on the above estate been granted to the undersigned, therefore all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the same will present them duly authenticated for settlement.

M. S. LAWHEAD
 Administrator
 A. M. Liveright, Attorney,
 M29A3,10,17,24M1

ESTATE OF CONSTANTINE SCHICKLING, DECEASED

Letters of Administration on the Estate of Constantine Schickling late of Lawrence Township, Clearfield County, Pennsylvania, deceased, have been granted to Edward C. Schickling of Clearfield, to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay.

EDWARD C. SCHICKLING,
 Administrator.
 A. R. CHASE, Attorney.
 M13-11-6w

The color called "magenta" is named after the battle of Magenta, which was fought in the year of the discovery of the color.

DANCE

Every Wednesday and Friday Night
 at the
FRIENDLY TWO HALL
 Cor. 12th and Daisy Sts.
 Music By Guelicks
 ADMISSION 55c



We Are An Authority On Shoe Styles

We have built up the reputation of our Footwear on selecting only those styles which are thoroughly established and which without hitting extremes give the wearer something exclusive and correct.

It has been our aim, and we have succeeded in hitting the mark every time,—to make every customer's permanent patron giving a shoe that not only fits well and wears well but a shoe whose style is so distinctive and exclusive that the wearer is assured of being equipped with footwear distinguished for its dressiness and true fashion.

Lytle Bros.

Market St. Opposite Court House, Clearfield, Pa.

Pile Sufferers! Clever Ohio Chemist Says This Great Prescription Taken Internally Has Never Failed

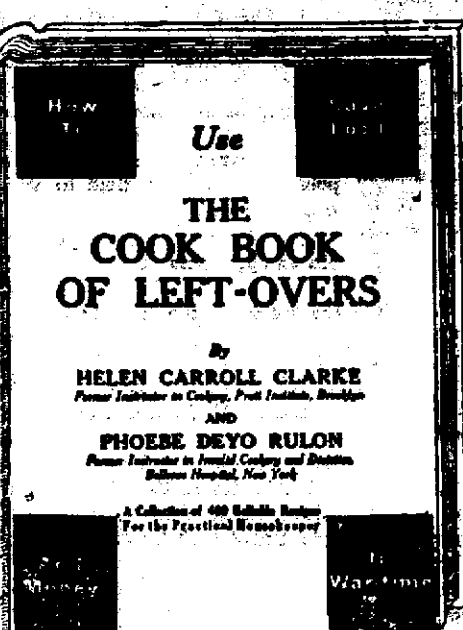
Even Chronic cases of 20 to 30 Years standing, with profuse bleeding, have been completely cured in from three to ten days

No discovery of recent year in the field of medicine has caused such a stir amongst the medical profession as the recent discovery that piles can be successfully treated and cured at home by a wonderful prescription known as "Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People."

It has been proved that an external remedy applied or inserted into the rectum cannot cure piles; and at the best only gives temporary relief. This is also true of surgical operations which simply remove the cause of the trouble, but in no wise acts on the source of the trouble. This prescription, although taken internally is not digested in the stomach, but is rapidly absorbed on reaching the intestines in a short time reaching the exact place where the

\$1.00 COOK BOOK for 39c

HOW To HOOVERIZE To Use The Left-Overs To Save Food and Money in Food-shortage Times



In every family there is some food left over after meals, and in many cases the housewife does not know how to use it to the best advantage.

First-class chefs are paid big salaries just because they do know how to do this; you can do the same thing in your own kitchen. This book tells you how to use the left-overs, thereby saving money and at the same time preparing appetizing dishes.

A Real Bargain

Costs \$1.00 Everywhere

This book of 254 pages has been published with the idea of saving food and money in food-shortage times. It contains 400 reliable recipes for the practical housewife, and is nicely bound in a special, water-proof linen cover.

You need worry no longer as to what to do with the left-overs of fish, vegetables, meat, bread, cereals, etc., if you own one of these "Left-over Cook Books. Order one today. You will find it worth while.

It is printed in plain easily intelligible English.

The money you save will pay the price of this book many times over

THE PROGRESS

\$ 6 0 . 0 0

Uncle Sam is giving you soldier and sailor friends a very material gift.

Sixty dollars isn't a sum too small to bank, nor too small to give it a thought of saving.

It will multiply itself in our Savings department and will give you commercial assistance in a checking account.

Put it in "The Bank of Service."

Capital

\$200,000

Surplus

\$200,000

Clearfield National Bank
 Clearfield - Pennsylvania

Classified Ads For Everybody

Mr. Farmer, if you're not using the want ads you're a heavy loser.
Find a buyer for your fruit, produce, discarded farm tools, livestock.
Sell your farm.
Find farm help.
Advertise your sales.
The cost is small—results are sure.

FOR SALE

HORSES FOR SALE
Good workers, weighing from 1000 to 1200 pounds. Prices right. G. W. Bowers at F. B. Wilson barn. M14-tfc

FOR SALE—Farm of 74 acres with a large house, all modern improvements, good out buildings and 1000 ft. walk to post office. Large orchard of choice fruit. Call at this office. M18-12tc

HATCHING EGGS FOR SALE—Single comb Buff Leghorn \$1.50 and \$2.00 per 15. Good winter layers. Call H. C. 155w2 or address C. H. Schaeffer, Clearfield, Pa. M18-12tc

FOR SALE—Hand made brooms of quality. Made by your townsman, George I. Beers, of Weaver street. Drop Mr. Beers a card or call Progress to have him bring a broom. M20-1wp

FOR SALE—One bay mare, six years old; weight 1500 pounds. Call Charles Bowers, Curwensville, Pa. M24-6tc

FOR SALE—An 8 year old horse weighing 1350. Inquire Roy Baney, Wolf Run. M25-1wp

VICTROLA FOR SALE—Will be sold at a real bargain. See Capt. Butte of the Salvation Army. Residence over store of C. E. Shirey. M25-3tp

FOR RENT

FOR RENT—Three furnished rooms for rent. Call at 405 Cherry street. M20-tf

FOR RENT—A large front room in good location. Inquire at Progress. M25-tfc

HELP WANTED

WANTED—Man for gardener and lawn work. Fred G. Betts. M24-tf

WANTED—Girl for general house work. Good wages; no laundry work. Call 219 H. & C. phone. M24-tfc

WANTED—A girl, apply at F. B. Wilson's restaurant Reed street. M25-tfc

WANTED—Good girl for general housework. Call Mrs. A. R. Chase, 411 East Market street, Clearfield. M-26, 4d-p.

WANTED—Lather boy. Call at Cross Market street barber shop. M26-tfc

WANTED

HOUSE WANTED—Family of four want well located house with all conveniences. No small children. Call H. & C. 568x. M25-3tc

BOARDS WANTED—Ladies desiring boarding on farm just outside Clearfield; can get name at Progress office. Farm is just about twenty minutes walk from court house. M27-2tp

WANTED—Rooms for light house-keeping by man and wife. Call 518 Clearfield street. M26-1wp

HOUSEKEEPER WANTED—A woman 25 to 40 to go to Cleveland, Ohio. Expenses paid and permanent work must be experienced. Small family. M. Route, 213 Pine street. M-27, 8tc

PAYS NOBLE TRIBUTE TO LIFE AND WORK OF HON. NATHAN C. SCHAEFFER

The following tribute to Nathan C. Schaeffer, deceased, was made by Representative Sarig in the House of Representatives on March 17th. Nathan C. Schaeffer as state superintendent of public instruction was one of the oldest office holders in the state and occupied a high pinnacle in the minds of educators of the last fifty years.

"Mr. Speaker, I rise at this time to pay feeble tribute to the memory and the life and character of our distinguished friend and our distinguished servant, Dr. Nathan C. Schaeffer. It has been my privilege to enjoy an intimate acquaintance with him, being in his classroom as a boy, and later as a teacher in the public schools, and still later as a representative from Berks county I had the privilege and the pleasure to have a close connection with him and to understand fully the nature of this distinguished citizen from Berks county.

Dr. Schaeffer was born in Berks county seventy years ago on a farm in Maxatawny township. His father was strongly and incentive in favor of education, and at one time—at one and the same time—he sent five sons away from his farm to the higher institutions of learning while he did the work of his farm with the aid of help. I first became acquainted with Dr. Schaeffer as a pupil at the Kutztown State Normal school, in 1891 and I then for the first time realized and understood the practical nature of his character. Dr. Schaeffer was a tower of strength among men in the intellectual world and he was not only a giant among intellectuals, but Dr. Schaeffer possessed that great heart power and that great soul power which has made America famous the world over during the last few years. European writers tell us at the present day that the great inspiring power back of the American army was its heart power or its soul power, as you please. It was that power, that spirit of the Crusaders, that drove them against the Hun and that never permitted the Hun to face westward again after they once had been on the run. It was this peculiar characteristic of Dr. Schaeffer that made him so successful in the school-room. I remember distinctly when the news reached the Normal School at Kutztown that Dr. Schaeffer had been appointed Superintendent of Public Instruction and that he was to leave us. I remember then the sorrows and heartaches among those pupils, for you have no idea what strong ties and bonds of friendship there had sprung up between Dr. Schaeffer and his pupils.

The secret of his success as a teacher and lecturer was his ability and his power to reach men through the good way to their hearts. He taught not only the intellectual, he trained not only the intellectual powers of those

pupils, but the peculiar characteristics that Dr. Schaeffer had was to appeal to the heart-power, the soul power and he inspired the heart to better things and pupils felt it who came under his instruction. That was the secret of his great life as a teacher; that was the secret of his life as a lecturer. There was very few audiences who did not feel inspired and whose hearts Dr. Schaeffer could not reach. After he was elevated to the post of Superintendent of Public Instruction, these same qualities stood him in good need. It was these same qualities, these qualities of heart power, that good sound commonsense and that good business judgment that made him the power that he was in the educational world. As I have said before, he stood in the educational field a power among men, like a mighty giant oak in the forest when the educational winds would blow, when men sway to and fro with their fancies and their frills, we had in him one who would not yield and Dr. Schaeffer stood like a giant oak. He was progressive along safe and sane lines; he was progressive and steady. It was this peculiar, strong judgment, his peculiar strong character that made him the power among men that he was. In the death of Dr. Schaeffer Pennsylvania loses one of her most distinguished citizens. He was reappointed by six governors to the position which he held at the time of his death, and he has served longer as Superintendent of Public Instruction in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania than any other man in the history of Pennsylvania. In the death of Dr. Schaeffer Berks county loses one of her most distinguished citizens and that is a loss not alone to Berks county, it is a loss to the people of Pennsylvania and as his reputation extended beyond the borders of Pennsylvania, his death is a distinct loss to the nation. Dr. Schaeffer has gone to his reward, but his great heart and his great soul and the power that issued therefrom, the heart throbs will live and will continue to throb long in the hearts of men and women. I therefore ask my friends that when this House adjourns tonight, that it do so in memory of this great and distinguished citizen of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania—Dr. Nathan C. Schaeffer.

Mr. Hess then offered the following:

Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House: Dr. Schaeffer was born in Berks Co. a Democrat, but after he saw the light he became a Republican. He then moved to Lancaster county and spent his declining years in the shadow of his alma mater, Franklin and Marshall college. Dr. Schaeffer has honored Lancaster county by having made it the place of his residence during a large part of his life, and I fell, in rising to second this resolution, that in the death of Nathan C. Schaeffer, Lancaster county has lost one of its foremost citizens, and Pennsylvania and our country have lost one of our foremost educators. He always emphasized means to an end, and as such he embraced every opportunity to impress the people of the Commonwealth, over the education of which he was honored as its presiding officer, to improve the plant, the physical plant, as well as the teacher within the plant; and there stand today over this Commonwealth mighty monuments in the shape of splendid school buildings, monuments in the shape of splendid school buildings, monuments to his memory.

If you will refer to Smull's Handbook of 1916, page 246, you will find there three photographs; first, that of Henry Houck, who came to Harrisburg in 1867 first as Deputy Superintendent of Public Instruction and later as Secretary of Internal Affairs. Next to the photograph of Henry Houck you will find that of Thomas J. Stewart, first assistant and later Adjutant General of this great state. Next on the same page you will find the photograph of Nathan C. Schaeffer, who came to Harrisburg on June 1, 1893, as the head of the Department of education of this great Commonwealth. Three short years have rolled by since that edition of Smull's was published, but within a trifle of little more than a year these three great men have been moved upward to a higher plane, and if it emphasizes anything it emphasizes the work of the great Reapers and the nearness to the end of us all.

Nathan C. Schaeffer served in this capacity for a greater period of time than any man served in a similar capacity in all these United States of America. What can be said that more profoundly emphasizes the manner in which he was appreciated by the citizens of this great Commonwealth! He was a man of remarkable mental and intellectual power, great executive ability and wide learning; he was frank and straightforward in character and endowed with a high degree of common sense. In his life, Dr. Schaeffer was guided by the rule that whatever was worth doing was worth doing well. If there was one thing that distinguished him above any other, it was that of thoroughness in all the work that he undertook. He was a man of a genial disposition and splendid personality, a man whom to know was to love, and in his death the County of Lancaster and the County of Berks, and the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania loses one of its foremost citizens."

A delight to the
palate; a comfort
to the nerves—
**INSTANT
POSTUM**
instead of coffee.

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TWAS ONLY A DREAM SAID UNCLE PETER

"It was only a dream," said Uncle Peter, who holds down the most comfortable nail keg very night at Perrot's store, but his mighty night truth. Shooting a mouth full of L. T. juice at Perrot's shining stove Uncle Peter let loose, "I dreamed," said the old man, "the Supervisors of Covington township woke up after a six month slumber and decided to hold a meeting. Wending their way slowly to the meeting place they met a stranger from Graham township who told them that Covington township had the worst roads he had ever seen and asked why they did not 'drag the roads.' The two were astonished. Drag the roads in March. Impossible! But after a hasty confab it was decided to try the stranger's plan. Providing of course the two lone drags could be located. One had been reported on Kanawha Road resting peacefully by the way side, but the other could not be found. 'Squire Leigey and Contable Eayers, armed with the document and his trusty blue steel 'six gun' was told to bring in the missing drag dead or alive. But Joe not being used to looking up road drags gave up at the end of the second perfect day's hunt.

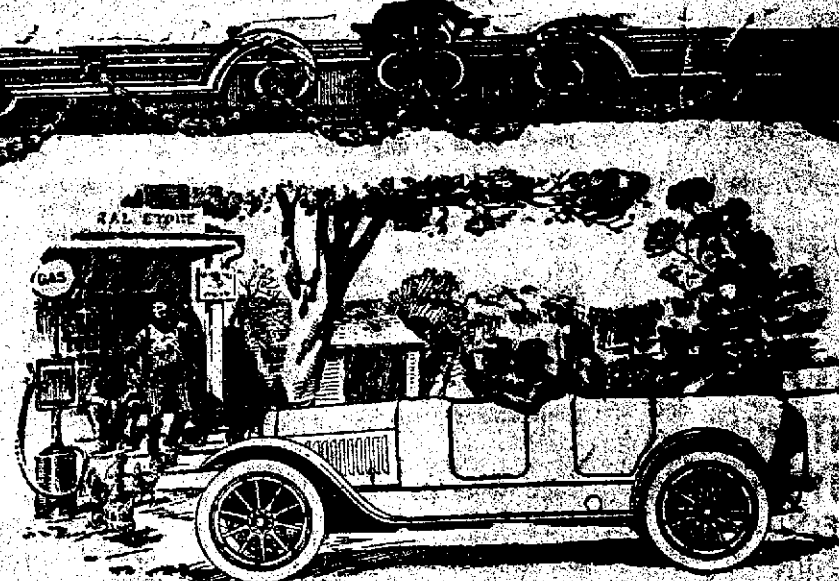
Then Scout E. L. Ramsey was consulted and asked would he scout for the missing drag. Why sure, so Ed. was given a map of the roads and told to proceed. Bright and early the Scout started, not forgetting his ground hog outfit and his trusty dogs. Over and over these notoriously bad roads he tramped until they needed but little dragging, but nary a drag. Coming up Rolling Stone hill his dog haled a chuck at the end of a defunct sewer, the Scout after a careful survey of the location with compass and other methods known only to Scouts proceeded to sink a test hole. At a depth of eighteen inches the drill ran against something which gave off a harsh metallic sound. "Ty Golly," said Ed to himself, as visions of untold wealth in the shape of pots of gold came to the scout's mind there is something doing here.

Removing a little dirt he uncovered the object of his search, the long missing drag, "Ah, ha! two birds with one stone," said Ed to his dog, and after a little sweating and much exertion by the dog Mr. Groundhog was transferred to the Scout's sapsack and a retreat was sounded.

The next morning the Scout made his report to the anxious board, but the board finding that the cost of raising the drag was more, than the township could afford at the present time, decided to leave it rest where it was. "However," said Uncle Peter, "charitable farmers in this vicinity will raise a fund to buy a suitable marker for the defunct drag, with following inscription thereon." Here lies Covington township's hopes of dragged roads." With this Uncle Peter rose to go shooting an extra mouthful of J. T. extract at the stove as he passed out slowly repeating "Twas only a dream but I hankerlate it came mighty nigh being the truth."

A TRAVELLER

INVITATIONS ISSUED
Mrs. H. A. Kennedy has issued invitations for a bridge party to be held Saturday afternoon, March 29th at her home on W. Front street.



The lower the grade of gas the easier it is for a Hot Spot Chalmers

THE great engineers of the automobile industry are discussing nowadays the low grade gas situation more often than the number of cylinders a car should have.

Not long ago one of them said that automobile engines would have to be redesigned to use the inferior gas of today.

This the Chalmers engineers did when they built into the great Chalmers engine the now famous Hot Spot and Ram's-horn manifold.

These two devices convert low grade gas into high power.

For any engineer will tell you there are more thermal units or power in a gallon of low grade kerosene gas than there is in a high test gas.

The Hot Spot puts the gas in shape for power results. It breaks up into tiny vapor molecules the gas—so fine that it really becomes "dry".

Then the Ram's-horn drives it to the cylinders by the quickest route ever devised and when the explosion comes there is so little power to escape through the exhaust as to be well nigh negligible.

One short ride in a present day Chalmers will tell you the story far more eloquently than the English language can express it.



Smith & Barger Sales Co.

Corner Fourth & Reed Sts., Clearfield, Pa.

W.B.

Formu BRASSIERES

worn in connection with W. B. Corsets, secure good fit, perfect shoulder line, bust lines—add the grace and finish at last that the corset accomplishes below, and give the necessary finishing touch to the "Form-Fashionable."

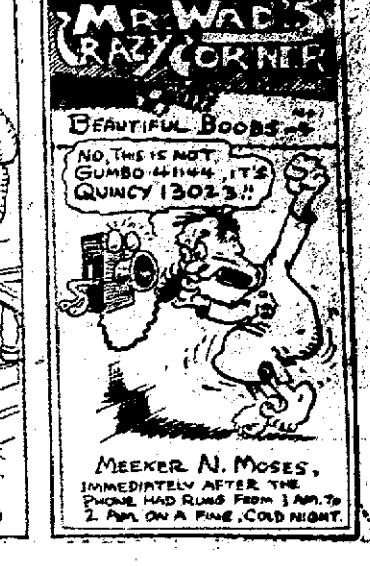
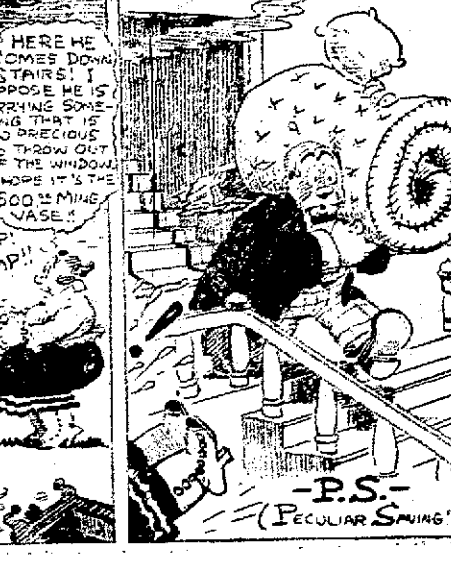
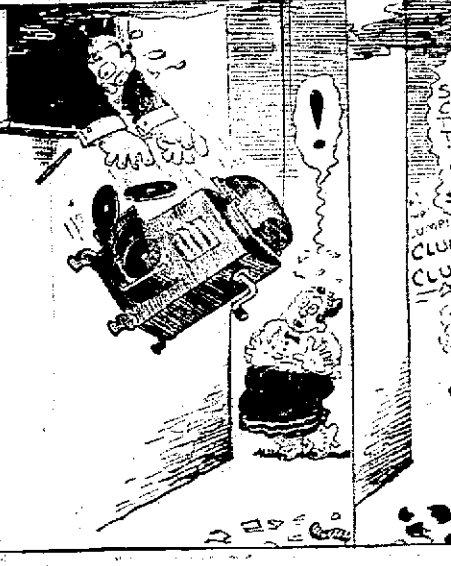
Bolero, Bandeaux and Surplice patterns, in filmy lace effects over albes and satins; also delicate batistes, daintily trimmed with lace and embroidery; making W. B. Brassieres second only to W. B. Corsets as form beautifiers. ASK YOUR DEALER FOR W. B. FORMU BRASSIERES.

W. B. CORSETS

W. B. NUFORM Corsets for slender and average figures. The lowest priced corset with high-priced qualities. W. B. REDUSO Corsets for stout figures—reduce one to five inches and you look ten to twenty pounds lighter.

WEINGARTEN BROS., INC. NEW YORK CHICAGO

Oh! My no! Cicero didn't get rattled!



BY GALE



GREEN FANCY

A STORY
OF INTRIGUE
AND MYSTERY

BY GEORGE
BARR
McUTCHEON

DEEPLY absorbed in the thrilling details of the plot, entirely oblivious to all his surroundings, this reader is following the developments of one of the best mystery stories yet penned by that star of fiction writers, George Barr McCutcheon. You will be equally interested in the new serial we take pleasure in announcing.

Green Fancy

is a strange, hidden house on the American border of Canada. In and around it royal personages, third-rate actors, a New York man of the world, a beautiful woman, an Irishman of fortune, an international crook, all play their parts in an exciting drama of European intrigue. It is a story of many dramatic incidents, exciting situations and touches of splendid humor.

You'll Miss a Big Treat if You Fail to Read Our New Serial!

OLD AGE STARTS WITH YOUR KIDNEYS

Science says that old age begins with weakened kidneys and digestive organs. This being true, it is easy to believe that by keeping the kidneys and digestive organs clean and in proper working order, old age can be deferred and the prolonged far beyond that enjoyed by the average person.

For over 200 years GOLD MEDAL Haarlem Oil has been relieving the weaknesses and disability due to advancing years. It is a standard old-time home remedy and needs no introduction. GOLD MEDAL Haarlem Oil is enclosed in odorless, tasteless capsules containing about 5 drops each. Take them as you would a pill, with a swallow of water. The oil stimulates the kidney

action and enables the organs to throw off the poisons which cause premature old age. New life and strength increases as you continue the treatment. When completely restored continue taking a capsule or two each day. GOLD MEDAL Haarlem Oil Capsules will keep you in health and vigor and prevent a return of the disease.

Do not wait until old age or disease have settled down for good. At the first sign that your kidneys are not working properly, go to your druggist and get a box of GOLD MEDAL Haarlem Oil Capsules. Money refunded if they do not help you. Three sizes. But remember to ask for the original imported GOLD MEDAL brand. In sealed packages.



Scene in Booth Tarrington's famous comedy "Seventeen" which will be seen at the Driggs Theatre Friday March 28th, with Robert Fiske and original company.

BEADS WITH BAG AND TURBAN



As the popularity of beads is growing constantly among well-dressed women, dealers are showing strings of oriental beads which combine grace fully with the beautifully-colored bags and smart little turbans.

ROSES TO ORNAMENT FROCKS

Posies Being Used to Decorate Many Kinds of Gowns—Revival of Old Elizabethan Fashion.

There is much about the latter end of the eighteenth century that is coming back into fashion. The deeply square décolletage with the high line at the back, the tight elbow sleeves with their deep ruffles of precious lace, the ornamental bow of faint blue ribbon in front, and the garlands of little roses appear daily among smart society and in the salons of those exclusive dressmakers who claim that they never become slaves to any one mode of dressing.

There are two designers in New York who use pink roses to ornament various kinds of frocks and coats. They both draw inspiration from the eighteenth century, but they are not in accord with the house of Callot, which chooses roses that are full-blown, soft and becoming.

The roses which we see on these new frocks that come from certain exclusive houses have the appearance of being covered with shellac. Some are tawdry and smack of the Christmas tree; others appear to be cut from porcelain. They represent a certain era in dressing, and they are faithful to type.

There are evening gowns which have rows of these glittering, stiff little roses to outline the décolletage and the armholes as well. There are other gowns that have a garland of these roses arranged like a looped chain of pearls across the front of the corsage, and another row at the top of each deep ruffle of lace that hangs pendant from the elbow sleeves.

Strange to say, in connection with this rococo style of ornament, there has arisen a revival of the old Elizabethan fashion of ornamenting velvet gowns. This shows itself in the use of pearls to catch up the hem of skirts and sleeves, and these pearls are often a part of a fine latticework done in gold thread.

LATEST IN VICTORY DESIGN

Combines Fleur-de-Lis of France, the English Rose and the American Golden Rod.

There has come out a fabric, and also a new embroidery, which combines the fleur-de-lis of France, the English rose, and the American golden rod. It is called the victory design, and those who exploit it are trying to make it among the accepted ornamentations for the season.

It may be that women will not care for the grouping of these three national flowers, but there seems to be every reason to believe that the French fleur-de-lis, which has gone through the history of that country and has been the symbol of so many of its victories, will be the leading design in the fabrics which will be worn during the great celebrations abroad.

There is no talk of America's launching new gowns for whatever celebrations may come. The eyes of our buyers, manufacturers and buyers are turned toward Paris, and each is making a great effort to get over there, despite the scarcity of passports given out in this country.

Hair Ribbon Economy.

Little daughter's hair ribbons should be made to do duty as long as possible. When soiled they may be thoroughly cleaned by shaking for a few seconds, say half a minute, in a solution of soda—a teaspoonful baking soda to one quart of boiling water. Rinse the ribbon in cold water, dry for two or three minutes in a towel and press with a hot iron. This process removes all dirt, as suggested, but does not injure the color.

Javelle Water.

This is used in Chinese laundries to whiten their linen. It will remove most any kind of stain. One-fourth cupful to a boiler of clothes will make them very white. One gallon of water, four pounds washing soda, one pound common soda. Heat all together, add two pounds slaked lime. After it has stopped foaming pour off and bottle.

Four of the olive trees on the historic Mount of Olives are known to be at least 800 years old.

NEWS OF OUR NEIGHBORS CURWENSVILLE

The marriage of Miss Vina Spencer and Frank E. Wise, a well-known young couple, was solemnized at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Frank L. Robinson, of N. Thompson street, Tuesday morning, March 25th. Rev. I. P. Hawkins of the Lutheran church officiating. At the conclusion of a most delicious wedding breakfast Mr. and Mrs. Wise left on the 11:55 B. R. & P. for a honeymoon trip through Canada.

The many friends of our well-known citizen, H. B. Thompson, are very glad to know that he is able to be out after a rather lengthy illness.

A very noticeable improvement is seen throughout our town. Not only those who own their homes but the majority of those who rent are busily engaged in house cleaning their lawns and gardens.

Ralph F. Hess is confined to his home on South Walnut street by a slight illness.

Mrs. Lee Remaley, of Indiana, Pa., who has been spending the past few days with her mother, Mrs. J. S. Richards, will return to her home tomorrow.

John Middleton, lately recovered from a severe attack of grippe, is again confined to his home at Nauton by illness.

Mrs. W. E. Hudson and little son "Billie" spent yesterday afternoon with friends in Clearfield.

PROSPERITY IS JUST AROUND THE CORNER

(Continued from Page One)

Time with time and a half for the extra time they worked, and they work Sundays, in many instances. So the aggregate they received was greater than they had ever had before. Many of them have some of that in reserve now that can be utilized and will be utilized, against any general attempt to reduce the wage rates; and because of the disposition on the part of labor, because of the fact that any period of depression that may confront us must of necessity be a short period, and that the reaction to post-war activities, giving us a period of industrial prosperity, must come in a very brief period of time, it would be folly to engage in the conflict necessary for the reduction in the wage rates when so little return is to be had for it.

The wage workers and the farmers have reserves in hand that will be used in the maintenance of their families, and in addition to the equipment. That means that when we get into a real post-war period, in the aggregate a tremendous amount of additional purchase will be made.

We are short in our normal supply of labor somewhere between three million and five million workers; so if we could engage in our pre-war activities on a post-war basis immediately, there would be a shortage of the supply of labor.

It is not very generally known, but it is nevertheless a fact, that the strikes that took place at Seattle, at Butte, at Paterson, at Lawrence, and at a number of other places recently were not industrial, economic disputes. In their origin, no matter how much economies may have been involved in the dispute. A deliberate attempt was made to create a social and political revolution that would establish the Soviet form of government in the United States and put into effect the economic theories of the Bolsheviks of Russia. It failed because for two years the Department of Labor and other agencies of the government have been fighting that false philosophy, not by the utilization of force, but by appeal to the judgment, to the reason of our people.

Interests Are Mutual.

Employers and employees have a mutual interest; not an identical interest, mind you, but a mutual interest in securing the largest amount of production from a given amount of labor, having due regard to the health, safety, opportunities for rest, recreation and development of the worker. For if there is nothing produced, there will be nothing to divide; if there is a large amount produced, there will be a large amount to divide; and the interests of the employer and the employee only diverge when it comes to a division of that which has been actually produced; and if they are wicks in their generation, when that divergence takes place they will sit down around the common table and endeavor to work out the problem as to how a fair basis as the circumstances surrounding the industry will permit.

Great Sale

Another Phenomenal Sale

Tomorrow and Saturday of Women's, Misses and Children's New Spring Suits, Coats, Dresses, Millinery and Shoes.

Our stocks are full and fresh now.

Come and select your Easter outfit tomorrow.

LEITZINGER BROS.

Send In That Red Envelope NOW

Seeds For Your Peace Garden

The coming of Peace does not make the savings of food unnecessary.

America has promised to feed the hungry millions of Europe.

Grow your own vegetables, and thus relieve a feed for those who must starve without our aid.

Make your 1919 PEACE GARDEN at least as large as your 1918 "WAR GARDEN."

Plant Woodruff's seeds to make your garden a success.

FOR SALE BY

CLEARFIELD HARDWARE CO.
125 Market Street

Clearfield, Pa.

PROSPERITY IS
JUST AROUND
THE CORNER

Secretary of Labor Says There
Will Be A Long Period Of
Industrial Activity
GIVES REASONS FOR BELIEF

(No one is in better position than Secretary of Labor Wilson to speak of conditions affecting trade and industry in the United States. Here he tells conclusively why the American people should feel gratified with things as they are now, and with the outlook for the future. Mr. Wilson's reason could be given by subscribing to the Victory Liberty Loan, because the money secured through this loan will be the big factor in placing this country on the other side of the war from the victory which Secretary Wilson predicts.)

By WILLIAM B. WILSON,
Secretary of Labor.

When the German military forces had broken through the western front, and there was nothing between them and Paris but thirty miles of space, it was the boys that we feared we could not mobilize, that we could not train, transport or equip, that stepped into the breach at Chateau Thierry, stemmed the tide of the German forces, turned them backward toward Berlin, restored the morale of the French and the British armies, and won the victory for our forces.

Surely if we can make a peace-time organization and transform it almost overnight into a great military machine, we can by the exercise of the same intelligence and the same energy make a military organization transform it into a peace-time machine.

Before the Federal Reserve Act came into operation had been made for financing our foreign trade. We had not developed any large foreign trade in proportion to our domestic trade, and one of the reasons was that we had not found a method of providing the money to finance our foreign trade. The Federal Reserve Act gave to our banks the opportunity of establishing branch banks in foreign countries, thereby laying the foundation for the extension of credit in the development of our foreign trade.

Big Shipping Program.

The necessities of the war compelled us to engage in a tremendous shipbuilding program. We have a very large program now afoot and more ships under construction for merchant purposes than any other country in the world.

We have, therefore, already provided the three great elements necessary for the development of a foreign trade, and when we get our domestic industries into proper operation, and our business men begin to look abroad for a market for the surplus products, they will find the means of vitalizing these agencies that are already in existence.

So that our problem resolves itself for the time being into one of demobilization and the starting of our business on a post-war basis.

It has been stated by statistical experts that even during our periods of industrial activity we had in the neighborhood of a million workers unemployed.

We estimate the total amount of unemployment at the present time is 700,000. That, in itself, based upon our experience of the past, is not an alarming amount of unemployment. The cause for alarm, if any there be, is the fact that the number is continually increasing because the men who are engaged in industry find themselves in an uncertain situation. There is a disposition to hold off on the part of the employers in the hope of prices coming down. There is a possibility of prices coming down without there being an effect upon the wage rates. The manufacturer realizes that if he undertakes to cut prices and the neighbor does likewise, there is a possibility of the whole structure tumbling and the prices going down below even a normal profit.

Wages at Top Notch.

During the period of the war our workers received more in actual, in real wages than they had ever received at any previous time. The cost of living had gone up, but the hourly wage rate of the workers had gone up almost in the same ratio. There were some instances where the hourly wage rate had gone up in excess of the increased cost of living; there were other instances where it did not go up quite as far as the cost of living, but the average was very close to the increase in the cost of living. However, the workers had steadier employment than they had been in the habit of receiving; they worked over-

(Continued on Page Five)

Marshal of the Good Times Parade

FOREIGN MISSION
SOCIETY IN ANNUAL
MEETING TODAY

The forty-fifth annual meeting of the Women's Foreign Missionary society of the Huntingdon Presbyterian church at 8 o'clock last evening. Mrs. Horace R. Smith, of Altoona, President of the Society, called the meeting to order and the Jubilee Hymn was sung. The hundred and twenty-five delegates making the large auditorium ring with the strength and power of their voices.

Mrs. H. B. McCrone, of the Philadelphia Board, made an eloquent opening prayer, after which Mrs. Smith announced the following committee appointments:

Resolutions: Mrs. J. M. Ewing, of Lewistown; Mrs. Harry Mudge, of Winburne; Miss Vene Crawford, of Tyrone; Mrs. R. J. Hillis, of Juniata. Place of next meeting—Mrs. C. W. Todd, of Mt. Union; Mrs. George Brennen, of Hollidaysburg; Mary G. Hoopes, of Mifflintown.

In the absence of Dr. E. C. Reeve, who is in Philadelphia on business in connection with the Victory Liberty Loan campaign, C. E. Roseberry, one of the Elders of the First Presbyterian church was chosen to preside over the "popular meeting."

Following the reading of the scripture lesson and prayer the young women of the Clearfield church presented a pageant entitled "The Voices of the Women." The characters were in costume and the young women acquitted themselves very creditably, eliciting prolonged applause.

Dr. J. A. Eakin, Missionary to Siam, was then introduced and delivered the address of the evening. He took for his subject "Siam in the World War and the Spiritual Warfare." Dr. Eakin is a pleasing speaker and his address was highly interesting and instructive.

He said "The Siamese have a claim on our sympathy and help. They are a progressive people, assimilating everything from other nations but they will not be assimilated themselves." The Presbyterian is the only church doing missionary work in Siam. A spiritual warfare is going on and as Dr. Eakin puts it they

are engaged in trench warfare against organized opposition on a far-flung skirmish line very poorly supported. The missionary needs sympathy, prayer and gifts of the church at home and cannot stay in the field without your help nor return without our help.

The annual thank offering for Foreign Missions was then taken.

The hymn and benediction closed the meeting.

Thursday Morning

The morning session which was devoted to the New Era-Jubilee movement, was called to order promptly at 9 o'clock by Mrs. Smith and following the usual hymn and prayer reports of officers were given.

The secretaries—Miss Magee, Miss Grafius, Miss Potter, Mrs. Jones, Mrs. Moore and Miss Finley each made interesting reports of their branch of the work.

Following their reports Dr. Eakin was again given the floor and discussed the work of the society at length. He laid special stress on the position of the women in regard to this highly important work and thrilled his hearers with his views of the possibilities in the field in which he was laboring.

Mr. Winter, who is located at Shantung, China, then followed with a highly interesting story regarding the work of the industrial school in connection with their Presbyterian mission there, which is also maintained by the Philadelphia board.

Mrs. A. F. Helmen, of Broad avenue, Altoona, led the devotional exercises on the "Newness of Life," which is the motto of this meeting.

Miss Alice Wishart of the Philadelphia Board took up and discussed the "New Era-Jubilee Movement" in a happy and convincing manner. The speaker furnished much food for thought in her intelligent handling of the important subject, her remarks making a deep impression upon the delegates assembled.

The noon recess was then taken, an appetizing luncheon being served by the women of the Clearfield church.

The Treasurers' report showed a healthy financial condition, although the ten per cent. increase hoped for during the past year was not reached, due in part at least to the encroachment of war activities and war.

The selection of place of next meeting, election of officers, etc., will be disposed of this afternoon and the results will be given in The Progress tomorrow.

A GOOD MAN HAS GONE

The funeral of the late Postmaster John C. Barclay was held from his late home on Reed street at 2 o'clock this afternoon. Rev. W. W. Hartman of Trinity Methodist church, officiating. The local Masonic lodge was in charge and conducted their impressive service at the grave in Hillcrest cemetery.

A good man has gone from among us and Mr. Barclay's memory will long be revered by the host of people in this community whose friend he was. Of him it can truthfully be said his great, generous heart never allowed him to turn a deaf ear to any worthy appeal and in consequence many a man whose credit elsewhere in the community was absolutely nil could always go to the bluff, outspoken, genial Squire and find a friend and the one time when a friend is a friend indeed—in time of need.

His charity and good works, while unostentatious, were nevertheless wide-spread and that this was so in even unexpected measure, was demonstrated to his loved ones, who kept sad vigil at his bier since his sudden taking away, by the throngs of sorrowing friends, many of them of the class mentioned above, who vied with the foremost representatives of our business, official and social life in paying the last sad tribute of affection to one they loved for his sterling qualities of head and heart.

AMERICA'S
IMMORTALS

PHILIP C. KATZ,
Sergeant, Company C, 383d
Infantry.

Sergt. Katz was decorated for conspicuous gallantry in action near Eticefontaine, France, September 20, 1918. After his company had withdrawn for a distance of 200 yards on a line with the units on its flanks, Sergt. Katz learned that one of his comrades had been left wounded in an exposed position at the point from which the withdrawal had taken place. Voluntarily crossing an area swept by heavy machine gun fire, Sergt. Katz advanced to where the wounded soldier lay and carried him to safety. His mother, Mrs. Jennie Katz, lives in San Francisco.

HUNGARIAN REPUBLIC ESTABLISHED
IN ORDERLY MANNER SAYS REPORTTHE GRANT BLOCK
IN PHILIPSBURG
RAZED BY FIRE

The Grant block, one of Philipsburg's most pretentious business buildings was destroyed by a fire which started in one of the telephone exchanges on the second floor of the building at 4 o'clock this morning.

The Grant block was situated on the town's main corner and was occupied by Troutman's drug store and John Ibberson's dry goods and millinery store, Dr. F. K. White's dental office, H. & C. and Bell telephone exchanges, Moshannon Commandery, K. T. and Philipsburg Lodge of Masons.

The loss is estimated at \$150,000. The residence of Dr. Dinwiddie, which immediately adjoined the Grant block, was also badly damaged by both fire and water.

DOUBLE TRAGEDY AT
ROCHESTER

Rochester, Pa., March 27.—W. T. Clark, railroad engineer, shot and killed his wife, Mrs. Marie Clark, and Barrow J. Andrews last night. He then shot himself and slashed his throat. Physicians say he cannot recover. The tragedy occurred at the home of Mrs. Emma Reichard. According to stories told the police, Clark held a long conversation with his wife outside the house trying to effect a reconciliation. She left him and entered the house and he followed a few minutes later. The shooting then ensued.

OVER A BILLION TIED UP IN
RAILROADS

Pittsburgh, March 27.—The railroad administration will have \$1,000,000,000 tied up in national railroads at the end of this calendar year, Director General Hines declared in a speech here today. This money, Hines said, will be released as rapidly as the railroads can refinance themselves. Hines announced he will ask Congress for an appropriation of \$750,000,000 to be added to the railroad administration's revolving fund for \$500,000,000.

TELEGRAPHERS DISSATISFIED
WITH BURLESON RULE

Chicago, March 27.—Balloting on a nation-wide telegraph and telephone strike was under way today. Postmaster Burleson's wire administration was said to be responsible for the polling of the union telegraph operators. Burleson is blamed for an indifferent attitude by which telegraph companies were permitted to return non-union men to their jobs.

ALMOST BACK TO NORMAL

The Pennsylvania Railroad has long since restored its pre-war passenger schedule on the Tyrone & Clearfield branch and the B. & P. is arranging for an early resumption of its Sunday passenger trains, and it is only reasonable to expect that the down-river people will soon have their pre-war passenger service restored on the River line of the New York Central. The war is over in Europe, let it end everywhere in Pennsylvania, too.

FOREST FIRE YESTERDAY

A fire started in the woods along Little Moose Creek yesterday afternoon and was burning fiercely throughout that region, when last night's welcome rain came to the relief of the corps of tired fire-fighters who had been desperately endeavoring to keep the flames out of valuable growing timber of D. W. Anderson's farm.

STOCK SHARES ACTIVE

New York. Prices were fractionally higher at the stock market opening today. Trading was in good volume. United States Steel opened at 96 7/8, up to 3-4. Mexican Petroleum 176 off 3-8. Marine, Preferred 112 up 7-8.

AMERICAN AND ALLIED AGENTS
WAS ACCORDED EVERY COURTESY BY THE
NEW GOVERNMENT OFFICIALS

NO THREAT OF WAR IS SEEN

EDITOR'S NOTE—Following is the first dispatch from Hungary to be received in this country since the Bolshevik government was set up at Budapest. It effectively denies the reports that Allied representatives have been mistreated by Hungary and that a declaration of war has been declared against the Entente and that there has been blood shed.

By Edward Bing

(United Press Staff Correspondent)

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BUDAPEST, March 25, 10:10 p. m.—The Hungarian Republic was firmly established today without disorder or blood shed and with amicable relations continued with Allied representatives. All aliens and Allied soldiers are at complete liberty. Everything in the country has been socialized from the top down to the bottom. This reorganization has been accomplished with the apparent approval of the wealthy and aristocrats as well as the poor and humble. The red army is being organized on a volunteer basis. The soldiers are paid \$90 a month. They are clothed, fed and equipped without charge. In addition they receive extra pay for the support of their family. Law and order have been abolished and are supplanted by arbitrary decrees of a chairman and two men. They are virtually in complete control and justice is meted out rapidly and effectively. All attempts have been made to continue the work of the Communist government formed to insure fair distribution of the scanty supply of material. Requisitions for private families are forbidden. Spreading of false news is severely punished. Titles and ranks are abolished.

SADLER AWARDS TWO MILLION CONTRACTS

(By United Press)

HARRISBURG—Highway Commissioner Lewis Sadler yesterday awarded contracts which, for both the mileage and total amount of money involved, breaks all records. Lowest bid contracts totaled \$2,094,499.72. Total mileage involved is 53 miles. Of this 34 1-3 miles are in concrete. The average price for this work being approximately \$36,025 per mile.

SPECIAL COURT TO TRY WAR LORDS

(By United Press)

BERLIN, March 27.—The National Assembly has established a special court to try General Ludendorff, former Chancellor von Bethmann-Hollweg and other officials alleged to be responsible for the war, a dispatch from Meimar reported today.

U. S. EXPORTS 20 MILLIONS DAILY

(By United Press)

WASHINGTON, March 27.—American exports are booming and now average more than twenty million dollars a day according to late reports from the Department of Commerce.

Taft Aids In Making
League Amendments

At Request of President He Is Putting
Views of Republican Objectors in
Additions To Constitution

FOUR AMENDMENTS ARE BEING PREPARED

By Robert J. Bender

(United Press Staff Correspondent)

WASHINGTON, March 25.—Ex-President Taft is working by cable with President Wilson in an effort to so amend the League of Nations' covenant as to make it acceptable to the opposing Republicans. This was officially disclosed today when the White House let it be known that the peace conference in Paris is now working on four amendments to the covenant, written by Taft at President Wilson's request.

This Woman Wiolds A "Wicked Left"

(By United Press.)
Philadelphia, March 27.—Women will not attempt to wrest the boxing championship from the men.

It wouldn't be fair to the men. The United Press had this on its less authority today than Miss Vera Roehm, champion woman lightweight boxer of the world.

"A man wouldn't have a chance in the world in the ring with a woman," she said. "You see, all he would have to do would be to use his eyes and other feminine wiles and the poor man would be helpless. And the sight of a woman in gymnasium costume might distract his attention."

"Besides," she added, "the innate chivalry of a man would prevent him from hitting a woman, hard—especially if she smiled at him."

Miss Roehm was asked if she thought women would ever engage in professional boxing contests among themselves.

themselves.

No, it would be interesting from the spectators' point of view, she replied. "Almost any woman of good hand would get mad at a man. I don't think that any man would get any particular enjoyment out of watching a couple of women brawl, and most likely, if they got mad they would forget all about science and start pulling hair."

All of which appears to dispose of professional boxing for women. But when regarded purely from the standpoint of a science and exercise, Miss Roehm believes boxing is in a class by itself. No other exercise, she said, tends to develop the muscles so evenly or to accentuate grace, agility and poise. It is particularly beneficial to women, as it brings into play muscles they never knew they possessed. It is hard for them to learn, requiring from two weeks to a month just to be able to assume the proper

MISS ROEHM VS. BENNY LEONARD

(By United Press.)

Miss Roehm says that women will never dispute the boxing titles with the men. If she could be persuaded to enter the ring against the male champion of her class, however, they would size up like this:

Benny Leonard	Vera Roehm
Age	24
Weight	130
Height	5 3 1-2
Neck	13 1-2
Chest	35
Waist	26
Hips	35
Biceps	12 1-2
Forearm	10
Wrist	6 1-2
Thigh	22 1-2
Calf	8

boxing pose.

Miss Roehm became a boxer by accident. She was born in Baltimore, Feb. 15, 1895. Six years ago, while earning her living as a trained nurse in New York, she was near death from a nervous and physical breakdown. After vainly trying every other method to restore her health, she consulted a physical culture expert. This later happened to be a former professional boxer, As part of her training, he induced her to take up the art. She became interested, then an addict. In a short time she learned all he could teach her.

Eventually Miss Roehm became a

professional athletic director, teaching women all forms of physical exercises, but always stressing the importance of the padded mitt.

Miss Roehm has boxed private exhibitions in gymnasiums with two top-notch light weights, Johnny Dundee and Charley White. They do say she was entitled to a draw, at least Dundee says, she "sings a wicked left-hand jab" and "landed her next best blow in a right uppercut."

Just now Miss Roehm is spending a few minutes each night playing the role of athletic director in a popular musical comedy. It is her first theatrical venture. She was interviewed while standing in the wings, waiting her cue to go on. After a casual inspection of her "gymnasium costume," the reporter agreed that she might distract a male opponent's attention.

Powerful Skin Remedy Discovered

Twentieth Century Liniment Proves One of Strongest Antiseptics Known

Dries Up Eczema, Barbers Itch and all Skin Eruptions in Few Days. Guaranteed

Now that many thousands of people know that powerful penetrating Twentieth Century Liniment has no equal in the treatment of skin diseases, it is only natural that it is being used for every skin eruption. It is a powerful antiseptic and disinfectant, and it dries up eczema, barbers itch, and all skin eruptions in a few days. It is a guaranteed remedy.

week it does not do all and more than we claim for it. We will refund your money without question. Woodward & Lothrop can supply you.

An oyster produces 400,000 eggs annually, but of these only 400, or less, reach maturity.

NOTICE

Commencing April 1, 1919, we the undersigned barbers of Clearfield borough do agree to close our shops on Thursday of each week at 12 o'clock noon and remain closed until Friday morning.

H. H. Bolin
E. L. Guellet
Joseph R. Lehman
D. L. Mohney
James McLaughlin
James Cross
Fred Guano
Pietro Taddio
R. V. Covatta

ENGAGEMENT ANNOUNCED

At a card party and dinner given at the home of Miss Laura Bailey on W. 5th Avenue, the engagement of Miss Ada Knight, to E. H. Johnson, of Barnesboro was announced.

Covers were laid for twenty-four and the color scheme was carried out in red and white. The out of town guests were Miss Ward, of Salamanca, N. Y. and Mrs. Don Crider, of Tyrone.

MRS. SAVAGE-MRS. MAWHINNEY ENTERTAIN

Mrs. Matt Savage and Mrs. H. W. Mawhinney will entertain this evening at a bridge party at their home on Pine street. Five tables of bridge will be in play.

Part class singer rarely die of consumption or any lung disease.

POINTS ON WHICH PRIZES WILL BE AWARDED IN HUNTER'S VERMIN SHOOT

The Clearfield County Hunters' Association is arranging a vermin hunt which will be held during the two weeks beginning April 1st and ending April 15th.

The purpose of the shoot is to kill off the vermin which is destructive of game particularly small game.

The following schedule of points has been worked out:
Crow, 10 points
Owl, 10 points
Hawk, 10 points
Weasel, 30 points
Mink, 30 points
Fox, 50 points
Wild Cat, 60 points

The following rules will govern the hunt. The prizes being provided by voluntary contributions from the hunters and sportsmen interested and who are all eligible to compete.

RULES

Rule 1.—All sportsmen whose names appear upon the subscription list are eligible to take part in this vermin shoot.

Rule 2.—To receive credit in this contest vermin can be shot or trapped.

Rule 3. It is expected that the contestant will furnish the secretary with the vermin which he kills.

Rule 4.—No objection to any body of men hunting together but in case a prize is won by them they will have to determine the owner.

Rule 5.—Animals on which the state offers a bounty will be given back to the party killing same, so they can collect bounty from the state.

Sportsmen are not required to take out any hunters license to kill any vermin.

COURT NOTES

The Kato Coal Company, through their attorney A. M. Laveight, Esq. entered suit in the Prothonotary's office yesterday against the Dalton Bros Coal Company, of Houtdale. The suit is brought to recover \$3,000, the purchase price of a Jeffreys Arc Wall Coal Cutting Machine which the plaintiff company sold to Dalton Brothers on July 12th last.

Alex C. Buice filed a petition today in which he seeks a divorce from his wife, Mrs. Margaret Buice. His petition alleges they were married July 12, 1912 and the wife deserted in September 1912.

FROM HERE AND THERE
The word "Czechs" should be pronounced as though it were spelled "Checks."

100,000 BEDS FOR WOUNDED

More Comfort Bill is Million Dollars a Week.

Hospital facilities for the care of 105,476 sick and wounded soldiers are available in army hospital buildings according to the February report of the Surgeon General of the Army.

This is one testimonial to the Yanp which the American people can properly insure through the Victory Liberty Loan. At the rate charged in the hospitals of the country, \$1 a day is required to maintain each bed. In one week the total for maintenance of soldiers beds would on the same basis reach three quarters of a million dollars.

Many of our sick and wounded boys require special treatment so that the expense is likely to be greater than the low daily rate quoted. Then, too, only a part of the sick and wounded have reached us.

The Victory Liberty Loan which the people of the United States are going to put over with a will, will provide the very best care and treatment for every soldier who needs it. Our men can be easy on this score when you subscribe to the Victory Loan.

LEND OR BE TAXED

"The war will not be over until the United States government has honorably met every commitment made in order to win the war."

This is the declaration of Carter Glass, Secretary of the Treasury. In plain words, we can't pay until we pay off our debts. There are two ways of securing their payment. One way is with money lent by the people to the government. The other way is with money taken from the people in the form of taxes by the government.

DRIGGS THEATRE

Friday, March 28th

Samuel Wallack Announces The First Time BOOTH TARKINGTON'S



A Comedy of Youth and Love and Summer-time With Robert Fiske and Original Company and NOT A Motion Picture, BUT Flesh and Blood. Price 50-75-1.00-1.50 Seats Ready

"PAPERING" FOR THE FUTURE

The charm of having a room done up is the fact that you see the newness and neatness today alone but you're going to enjoy that for the several months to come.

We've a wall covering to fit your decorative scheme. We'd be glad to show it to you.

D. W. SPECK

Stores open Evenings till 8. 118 Market Street H. & C. phone

"STAINFLOOR"

The Varnish Ideal For You Home

It's a combination of stain and varnish that will make wood floors so near the natural that you can't tell the difference. Then, too, you may be tired of that finished in oak—why not change it to cherry or mahogany with STAINFLOOR? The simple application will make it easy for you.

Of course we've the brush to do the job.

WM. F. POWELL

SOUTH SECOND ST. CLEARFIELD, PA.

Splendid! Exceptional!

Are Some of The Expressions Heard By Us About Our Annual White Stockings

The array of beauty that brings forth such expressions must be out of the ordinary, else there would not have been such delight shown upon inspection.

The stocks are still at their height and score after score of those beautiful things dear to the heart of the woman who delights in elegant finery await you for your inspection and purchasing.



ROSS & WOODS

READ THE PROGRESS

Job Printing Worth While

The kind of printing that you should have that will pay for itself in dividends is the sort that we are turning out in our job department every day. Pale, muddy, poorly arranged printing is worse than none at all.

Complete Stocks

New shipment of stocks for job printing are arriving nearly every day and we aim to keep these stocks wide enough to supply your every need. Something different in letterheads, envelopes, forms, in fact, about every sort of stock that you'll need for the stationery you need.

Book Work Worth Having

With the installation of new machinery in our job department we can now prepare booklets, by-laws, law briefs and such book matter as the ordinary printery can put out. Experienced printers and binders will have charge of it.

The Progress Job Department

LIBERTY BONDS BOUGHT

Specialize in 50 and 100 Dollar Bonds. In market price paid. No cash. SPOT CASH.

DO NOT SACRIFICE YOUR BONDS WITHOUT CONSULTING ME BEFORE QUOTATIONS.

I will not take your bonds unless you are sure of the price. If you desire to sell your bonds into cash, call

H. L. Davis
Licensed Broker
McEwen Bldg.

Box Phone 97. DUBOIS, PA. Open Evenings until 8 o'clock

Classified Ads For Everybody

Mr. Farmer, if you're not using the want ads you're a heavy loser.
Find a buyer for your fruit, produce, discarded farm tools, livestock.
Sell your farm.
Find farm help.
Advertise your sales.
The cost is small—results are sure.

FOR SALE

HORSES FOR SALE
Good workers, weighing from 1000 to 1200 pounds. Prices right. G. W. Bowers at F. B. Wilson barn. M14-tfc

FOR SALE—Farm of 74 acres with a large house, all modern improvements, good out buildings and 1000 ft. walk to post office. Large orchard of choice fruit. Call at this office. M18-12tc

HATCHING EGGS FOR SALE—Single comb Buff Leghorn \$1.50 and \$2.00 per 15. Good winter layers. Call H. C. 155w2 or address C. H. Schaeffer, Clearfield, Pa. M18-12tc

FOR SALE—Hand made brooms of all quality. Made by your townsman, George I. Beers, of Weaver street. Drop Mr. Beers a card or call Progress to have him bring a broom. M20-1wp

FOR SALE—One bay mare, six years old; weight 1500 pounds. Call Charles Bowers, Curwensville, Pa. M24-6tc

FOR SALE—An 8 year old horse weighing 1350. Inquire Roy Baney, Wolf Run. M25-1wp

VICTROLA FOR SALE—Will be sold at a real bargain. See Capt. Battle of the Salvation Army. Residence over store of C. E. Shirey. M25-3tp

FOR RENT

FOR RENT—Three furnished rooms for rent. Call at 405 Cherry street. M20-tf

FOR RENT—A large front room in good location. Inquire at Progress. M25-tfc

HELP WANTED

WANTED—Man for gardener and lawn work. Fred G. Betts. M24-tf

WANTED—Girl for general housework. Good wages; no laundry work. Call 219 H. & C. phone. M24-tfc

WANTED—A girl, apply at F. B. Wilson's restaurant Reed street. M25-tfc

WANTED—Good girl for general housework. Call Mrs. A. R. Chase, 411 East Market street, Clearfield. M-26, 4d-p.

WANTED—Lather boy. Call at Cross Market street barber shop. M26-tfc

WANTED

HOUSE WANTED—Family of four want well located house with all conveniences. No small children. Call H. & C. 568x. M25-3tc

BOARDS WANTED—Ladies desiring boarding on farm just outside Clearfield; can get name at Progress office. Farm is just about twenty minutes walk from court house. M27-2tp

WANTED—Rooms for light house-keeping by man and wife. Call 518 Clearfield street. M26-1wp

HOUSEKEEPER WANTED—A woman 25 to 40 to go to Cleveland, Ohio. Expenses paid and permanent work must be experienced. Small family. M. Route, 213 Pine street. M-27, 8tc

PAYS NOBLE TRIBUTE TO LIFE AND WORK OF HON. NATHAN C. SCHAEFFER

The following tribute to Nathan C. Schaeffer, deceased, was made by Representative Sarig in the House of Representatives on March 17th. Nathan C. Schaeffer as state superintendent of public instruction was one of the oldest office holders in the state and occupied a high pinnacle in the minds of educators of the last fifty years.

"Mr. Speaker, I rise at this time to pay feeble tribute to the memory and the life and character of our distinguished friend and our distinguished servant, Dr. Nathan C. Schaeffer. It has been my privilege to enjoy an intimate acquaintance with him, being in his classroom as a boy, and later as a teacher in the public schools, and still later as a representative from Berks county I had the privilege and the pleasure to have a close connection with him and to understand fully the nature of this distinguished citizen from Berks county.

Dr. Schaeffer was born in Berks county seventy years ago on a farm in Maxatawny township. His father was strongly and incentive in favor of education, and at one time—at one and the same time—he sent five sons away from his farm to the higher institutions of learning while he did the work of his farm with the aid of help. I first became acquainted with Dr. Schaeffer as a pupil at the Kutztown State Normal school, in 1891 and I then for the first time realized and understood the practical nature of his character. Dr. Schaeffer was a tower of strength among men in the intellectual world and he was not only a giant among intellectuals, but Dr. Schaeffer possessed that great heart power and that great soul power which has made America famous the world over during the last few years. European writers tell us at the present day that the great inspiring power back of the American army was its heart power or its soul power, as you please. It was that power, that spirit of the Crusaders, that drove them against the Hun and that never permitted the Hun to face westward again after they once had been on the run. It was this peculiar characteristic of Dr. Schaeffer that made him so successful in the school-room. I remember distinctly when the news reached the Normal School at Kutztown that Dr. Schaeffer had been appointed Superintendent of Public Instruction and that he was to leave us. I remember then the sorrows and heartaches among those pupils, for you have no idea what strong ties and bonds of friendship there had sprung up between Dr. Schaeffer and his pupils.

The secret of his success as a teacher and lecturer was his ability and his power to reach men through the good way to their hearts. He taught not only the intellectual, he trained not only the intellectual powers of those

pupils, but the peculiar characteristics that Dr. Schaeffer had was to appeal to the heart-power, the soul power and he inspired the heart to better things and pupils felt it who came under his instruction. That was the secret of his great life as a teacher; that was the secret of his life as a lecturer. There was very few audiences who did not feel inspired and whose hearts Dr. Schaeffer could not reach. After he was elevated to the post of Superintendent of Public Instruction, these same qualities stood him in good stead. It was these same qualities, these qualities of heart power, that good sound commonsense and that good business judgment that made him the power that he was in the educational world. As I have said before, he stood in the educational field a power among men, like a mighty giant oak in the forest when the educational winds would blow, when men sway to and fro with their fancies and their frills, we had in him one who would not yield and Dr. Schaeffer stood like a giant oak. He was progressive along safe and sane lines; he was progressive and steady. It was this peculiar, strong judgment, his peculiar strong character that made him the power among men that he was. In the death of Dr. Schaeffer Pennsylvania loses one of her most distinguished citizens. He was reappointed by six governors to the position which he held at the time of his death, and he has served longer as Superintendent of Public Instruction in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania than any other man in the history of Pennsylvania. In the death of Dr. Schaeffer Berks county loses one of her most distinguished citizens and that is a loss not alone to Berks county, it is a loss to the people of Pennsylvania and as his reputation extended beyond the borders of Pennsylvania, his death is a distinct loss to the nation. Dr. Schaeffer has gone to his reward, but his great heart and his great soul and the power that issued therefrom, the heart throbs will live and will continue to throb long in the hearts of men and women. I therefore ask my friends that when this House adjourns tonight, that it do so in memory of this great and distinguished citizen of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania—Dr. Nathan C. Schaeffer.

Mr. Hess then offered the following:

Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House: Dr. Schaeffer was born in Berks Co. a Democrat, but after he saw the light he became a Republican. He then moved to Lancaster county and spent his declining years in the shadow of his alma mater, Franklin and Marshall college. Dr. Schaeffer has honored Lancaster county by having made it the place of his residence during a large part of his life, and I fell, in rising to second this resolution, that in the death of Nathan C. Schaeffer, Lancaster county has lost one of its foremost citizens, and Pennsylvania and our country have lost one of our foremost educators. He always emphasized means to an end, and as such he embraced every opportunity to impress the people of the Commonwealth, over the education of which he was honored as its presiding officer, to improve the plant, the physical plant, as well as the teacher within the plant; and there stand today over this Commonwealth mighty monuments in the shape of splendid school buildings, monuments in the shape of splendid school buildings, monuments to his memory.

If you will refer to Small's Handbook of 1916, page 246, you will find there three photographs; first, that of Henry Houck, who came to Harrisburg in 1867 first as Deputy Superintendent of Public Instruction and later as Secretary of Internal Affairs. Next to the photograph of Henry Houck you will find that of Thomas J. Stewart, first assistant and later Adjutant General of this great state. Next on the same page you will find the photograph of Nathan C. Schaeffer, who came to Harrisburg on June 1, 1893, as the head of the Department of education of this great Commonwealth. Three short years have rolled by since that edition of Small's was published, but within a trifle of little more than a year these three great men have been moved upward to a higher plane, and if it emphasizes anything it emphasizes the work of the great Reapers and the nearness to the end of us all.

Nathan C. Schaeffer served in this capacity for a greater period of time than any man served in a similar capacity in all these United States of America. What can be said that more profoundly emphasizes the manner in which he was appreciated by the citizens of this great Commonwealth! He was a man of remarkable mental and intellectual power, great executive ability and wide learning; he was frank and straightforward in character and endowed with a high degree of common sense. In his life, Dr. Schaeffer was guided by the rule that whatever was worth doing was worth doing well. If there was one thing that distinguished him above any other, it was that of thoroughness in all the work that he undertook. He was a man of a genial disposition and splendid personality, a man whom to know was to love, and in his death the County of Lancaster and the County of Berks, and the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania loses one of its foremost citizens."

A delight to the
palate; a comfort
to the nerves—
**INSTANT
POSTUM**
instead of coffee.

fer, who came to Harrisburg on June 1, 1893, as the head of the Department of education of this great Commonwealth. Three short years have rolled by since that edition of Small's was published, but within a trifle of little more than a year these three great men have been moved upward to a higher plane, and if it emphasizes anything it emphasizes the work of the great Reapers and the nearness to the end of us all.

Nathan C. Schaeffer served in this capacity for a greater period of time than any man served in a similar capacity in all these United States of America. What can be said that more profoundly emphasizes the manner in which he was appreciated by the citizens of this great Commonwealth! He was a man of remarkable mental and intellectual power, great executive ability and wide learning; he was frank and straightforward in character and endowed with a high degree of common sense. In his life, Dr. Schaeffer was guided by the rule that whatever was worth doing was worth doing well. If there was one thing that distinguished him above any other, it was that of thoroughness in all the work that he undertook. He was a man of a genial disposition and splendid personality, a man whom to know was to love, and in his death the County of Lancaster and the County of Berks, and the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania loses one of its foremost citizens."

TWAS ONLY A DREAM SAID UNCLE PETER

"It was only a dream," said Uncle Peter, who holds down the most comfortable nail keg very night at Perrot's store, but his mighty night truth. Shooting a mouth full of L. T. juice at Perrot's shining stove Uncle Peter let loose, "I dreamed," said the old man, "the Supervisors of Covington township woke up after a six month slumber and decided to hold a meeting. Wending their way slowly to the meeting place they met a stranger from Graham township who told them that Covington township had the worst roads he had ever seen and asked why they did not 'drag the roads.' The two were astonished. Drag the roads in March. Impossible! But after a hasty confab it was decided to try the stranger's plan. Providing of course the two lone drags could be located. One had been reported on Kanawha Road resting peacefully by the way side, but the other could not be found. 'Squire Leigey and Contable Eayers, armed with the document and his trusty blue steel 'six gun' was told to bring in the missing drag dead or alive. But Joe not being used to looking up road drags gave up at the end of the second perfect day's hunt.

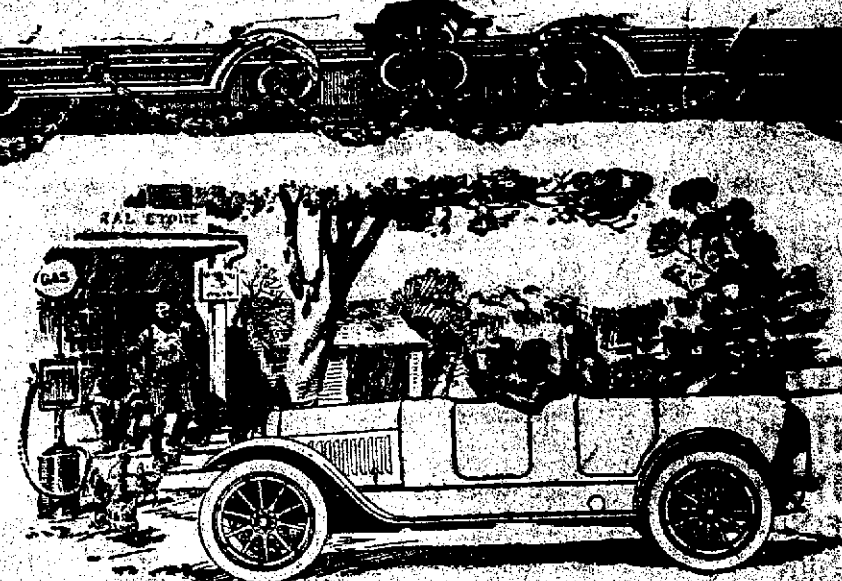
Then Scout E. L. Ransey was consulted and asked would he scout for the missing drag. Why sure, so Ed. was given a map of the roads and told to proceed. Bright and early the Scout started, not forgetting his ground hog outfit and his trusty dogs. Over and over these notoriously bad roads he tramped until they needed but little dragging, but nary a drag. Coming up Rolling Stone hill his dog haled a chuck at the end of a defunct sewer, the Scout after a careful survey of the location with compass and other methods known only to Scouts, proceeded to sink a test hole. At a depth of eighteen inches the drill ran against something which gave off a harsh metallic sound. "Ty Golly," said Ed to himself, as visions of untold wealth in the shape of pots of gold came to the scout's mind there is something doing here.

Removing a little dirt he uncovered the object of his search, the long missing drag. "Ah, ha! two birds with one stone," said Ed to his dog, and after a little sweating and much exertion by the dog Mr. Groundhog was transferred to the Scout's sapsack and a retreat was sounded.

The next morning the Scout made his report to the anxious board, but the board finding that the cost of raising the drag was more than the township could afford at the present time, decided to leave it rest where it was. "However," said Uncle Peter, "charitable farmers in this vicinity will raise a fund to buy a suitable marker for the defunct drag, with following inscription thereon." Here lies Covington township's hopes of dragged roads." With this Uncle Peter rose to go shooting an extra mouthful of J. T. extract at the stove as he passed out slowly repeating "Twas only a dream but I halterate it came mighty nigh being the truth."

A TRAVELLER

INVITATIONS ISSUED
Mrs. H. A. Kennedy has issued invitations for a bridge party to be held Saturday afternoon, March 29th at her home on W. Front street.



The lower the grade of gas the easier it is for a Hot Spot Chalmers

THE great engineers of the automobile industry are discussing nowadays the low grade gas situation more often than the number of cylinders a car should have.

Not long ago one of them said that automobile engines would have to be redesigned to use the inferior gas of today.

This the Chalmers engineers did when they built into the great Chalmers engine the now famous Hot Spot and Ram's-horn manifold.

These two devices convert low grade gas into high power.

For any engineer will tell you there are more thermal units or power in a gallon of low grade kerosene gas than there is in a high test gas.

The Hot Spot puts the gas in shape for power results. It breaks up into tiny vapor molecules the gas—so fine that it really becomes "dry".

Then the Ram's-horn drives it to the cylinders by the quickest route ever devised and when the explosion comes there is so little power to escape through the exhaust as to be well nigh negligible.

One short ride in a present day Chalmers will tell you the story far more eloquently than the English language can express it.



Smith & Barger Sales Co.

Corner Fourth & Reed Sts., Clearfield, Pa.

W.B.

Formu BRASSIERES

worn in connection with W. B. Corsets, secure graceful proportions—slenderize bust-lines—add the grace and finish at last that the corset accomplishes below, and give the necessary finishing touch to the "Form-Fashionable."

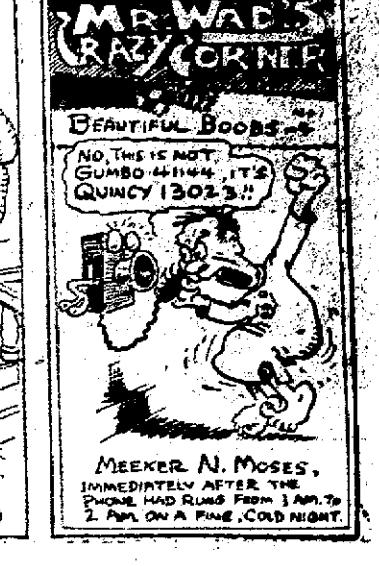
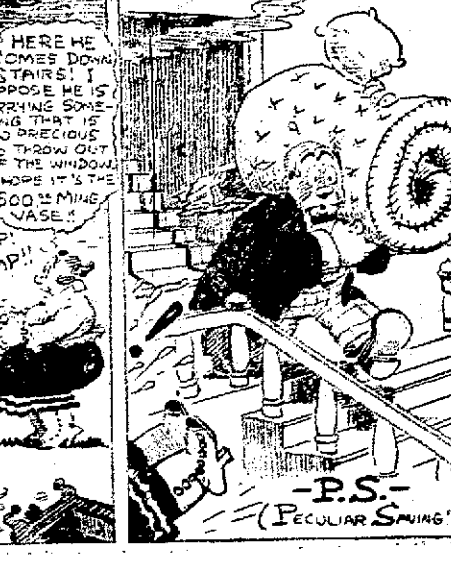
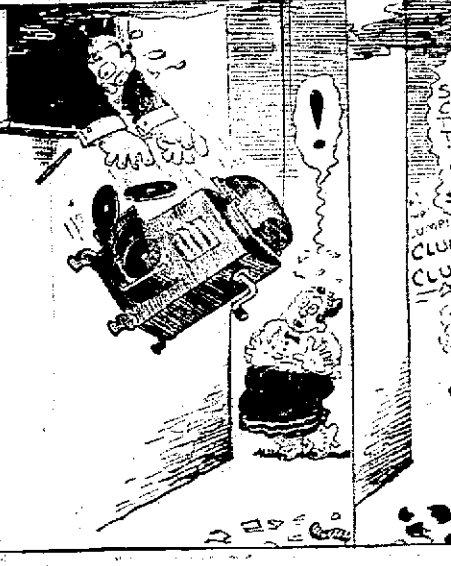
Bolero, Bandeaux and Surplice patterns, in filmy lace effects over albes and satins; also delicate batistes, daintily trimmed with lace and embroidery; making W. B. Brassieres second only to W. B. Corsets as form beautifiers. ASK YOUR DEALER FOR W. B. FORMU BRASSIERES.

W. B. CORSETS

W. B. NUFORM Corsets for slender and average figures. The lowest priced corset with high-priced qualities. W. B. REDUSO Corsets for stout figures—reduce one to five inches and you look ten to twenty pounds lighter.

WEINGARTEN BROS., INC. NEW YORK CHICAGO

Oh! My no! Cicero didn't get rattled!



BY GALE



GREEN FANCY

A STORY
OF INTRIGUE
AND MYSTERY
BY GEORGE
BARR
McUTCHEON

DEEPLY absorbed in the thrilling details of the plot, entirely oblivious to all his surroundings, this reader is following the developments of one of the best mystery stories yet penned by that star of fiction writers, George Barr McCutcheon. You will be equally interested in the new serial we take pleasure in announcing.

Green Fancy

is a strange, hidden house on the American border of Canada. In and around it royal personages, third-rate actors, a New York man of the world, a beautiful woman, an Irishman of fortune, an international crook, all play their parts in an exciting drama of European intrigue. It is a story of many dramatic incidents, exciting situations and touches of splendid humor.

You'll Miss a Big Treat if You Fail to Read Our New Serial!

OLD AGE STARTS WITH YOUR KIDNEYS

Science says that old age begins with weakened kidneys and digestive organs. This being true, it is easy to believe that by keeping the kidneys and digestive organs clean and in proper working order, old age can be deferred and the prolonged far beyond that enjoyed by the average person.

For over 200 years GOLD MEDAL Haarem Oil has been relieving the weaknesses and disability due to advancing years. It is a standard old-time home remedy and needs no introduction. GOLD MEDAL Haarem Oil is enclosed in odorless, tasteless capsules containing about 5 drops each. Take them as you would a pill, with a swallow of water. The oil stimulates the kidney

action and enables the organs to throw off the poisons which cause premature old age. New life and strength increases as you continue the treatment. When completely restored continue taking a capsule or two each day. GOLD MEDAL Haarem Oil Capsules will keep you in health and vigor and prevent a return of the disease.

Do not wait until old age or disease have settled down for good. At the first sign that your kidneys are not working properly, go to your druggist and get a box of GOLD MEDAL Haarem Oil Capsules. Money refunded if they do not help you. Three sizes. But remember to ask for the original imported GOLD MEDAL brand. In sealed packages.



Scene in Booth Tarrington's famous comedy "Seventeen" which will be seen at the Driggs Theatre Friday March 28th, with Robert Fiske and original company.

BEADS WITH BAG AND TURBAN



As the popularity of beads is growing constantly among well-dressed women, dealers are showing strings of oriental beads which combine grace fully with the beautifully-colored bags and smart little turbans.

ROSES TO ORNAMENT FROCKS

Poses Being Used to Decorate Many Kinds of Gowns—Revival of Old Elizabethan Fashion.

There is much about the latter end of the eighteenth century that is coming back into fashion. The deeply square décolletage with the high line at the back, the tight elbow sleeves with their deep ruffles of precious lace, the ornamental bow of faint blue ribbon in front, and the garlands of little roses appear daily among smart society and in the salons of those exclusive dressmakers who claim that they never become slaves to any one mode of dressing.

There are two designers in New York who use pink roses to ornament various kinds of frocks and coats. They both draw inspiration from the eighteenth century, but they are not in accord with the house of Callot, which chooses roses that are full-blown, soft and becoming.

The roses which we see on these new frocks that come from certain exclusive houses have the appearance of being covered with shellac. Some are tawdry and smack of the Christmas tree; others appear to be cut from porcelain. They represent a certain era in dressing, and they are faithful to type.

There are evening gowns which have rows of these glittering, stiff little roses to outline the décolletage and the armholes as well. There are other gowns that have a garland of these roses arranged like a looped chain of pearls across the front of the corsage, and another row at the top of each deep ruffle of lace that hangs pendant from the elbow sleeves.

Strange to say, in connection with this rococo style of ornament, there has arisen a revival of the old Elizabethan fashion of ornamenting velvet gowns. This shows itself in the use of pearls to catch up the hem of skirts and sleeves, and these pearls are often a part of a fine latticework done in gold thread.

LATEST IN VICTORY DESIGN

Combines Fleur-de-Lis of France, the English Rose and the American Golden Rod.

There has come out a fabric, and also a new embroidery, which combines the fleur-de-lis of France, the English rose, and the American golden rod. It is called the victory design, and those who exploit it are trying to make it among the accepted ornamentations for the season.

It may be that women will not care for the grouping of these three national flowers, but there seems to be every reason to believe that the French fleur-de-lis, which has gone through the history of that country and has been the symbol of so many of its victories, will be the leading design in the fabrics which will be worn during the great celebrations abroad.

There is no talk of America's launching new gowns for whatever celebrations may come. The eyes of our buyers, manufacturers and buyers are turned toward Paris, and each is making a great effort to get over there, despite the scarcity of passports given out in this country.

Hair Ribbon Economy.

Little daughter's hair ribbons should be made to do duty as long as possible. When soiled they may be thoroughly cleaned by shaking for a few seconds, say half a minute, in a solution of soda—a teaspoonful baking soda to one quart of boiling water. Rinse the ribbon in cold water, dry for two or three minutes in a towel and press with a hot iron. This process removes all dirt, as suggested, but does not injure the color.

Javelle Water.

This is used in Chinese laundries to whiten their linen. It will remove most any kind of stain. One-fourth cupful to a boiler of clothes will make them very white. One gallon of water, four pounds washing soda, one pound common soda. Heat all together, add two pounds slaked lime. After it has stopped foaming pour off and bottle.

Four of the olive trees on the historic Mount of Olives are known to be at least 800 years old.

NEWS OF OUR NEIGHBORS CURWENSVILLE

The marriage of Miss Vina Spencer and Frank E. Wise, a well-known young couple, was solemnized at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Frank L. Robinson, of N. Thompson street, Tuesday morning, March 25th. Rev. I. P. Hawkins of the Lutheran church officiating. At the conclusion of a most delicious wedding breakfast Mr. and Mrs. Wise left on the 11:55 B. R. & P. for a honeymoon trip through Canada.

The many friends of our well-known citizen, H. B. Thompson, are very glad to know that he is able to be out after a rather lengthy illness.

A very noticeable improvement is seen throughout our town. Not only those who own their homes but the majority of those who rent are busily engaged in house cleaning their lawns and gardens.

Ralph F. Hess is confined to his home on South Walnut street by a slight illness.

Mrs. Lee Remaley, of Indiana, Pa., who has been spending the past few days with her mother, Mrs. J. S. Richards, will return to her home tomorrow.

John Middleton, lately recovered from a severe attack of grippe, is again confined to his home at Nauton by illness.

Mrs. W. E. Hudson and little son "Billie" spent yesterday afternoon with friends in Clearfield.

PROSPERITY IS JUST AROUND THE CORNER

(Continued from Page One)

time with time and a half for the extra time they worked, and they work Sundays, in many instances. So the aggregate they received was greater than they had ever had before. Many of them have some of that in reserve now that can be utilized and will be utilized, against any general attempt to reduce the wage rates; and because of the disposition on the part of labor, because of the fact that any period of depression that may confront us must of necessity be a short period, and that the reaction to post-war activities, giving us a period of industrial prosperity, must come in a very brief period of time, it would be folly to engage in the conflict necessary for the reduction in the wage rates when so little return is to be had for it.

The wage workers and the farmers have reserves in hand that will be used in the maintenance of their families, and in addition to the equipment. That means that when we get into a real post-war period, in the aggregate a tremendous amount of additional purchase will be made.

We are short in our normal supply of labor somewhere between three million and five million workers; so if we could engage in our pre-war activities on a post-war basis immediately, there would be a shortage of the supply of labor.

It is not very generally known, but it is nevertheless a fact, that the strikes that took place at Seattle, at Butte, at Paterson, at Lawrence, and at a number of other places recently were not industrial, economic disputes. In their origin, no matter how much economies may have been involved in the dispute. A deliberate attempt was made to create a social and political revolution that would establish the Soviet form of government in the United States and put into effect the economic theories of the Bolsheviks of Russia. It failed because for two years the Department of Labor and other agencies of the government have been fighting that false philosophy, not by the utilization of force, but by appeal to the judgment, to the reason of our people.

Interests Are Mutual.

Employers and employees have a mutual interest; not an identical interest, mind you, but a mutual interest in securing the largest amount of production from a given amount of labor, having due regard to the health, safety, opportunities for rest, recreation and development of the worker. If there is nothing produced, there will be nothing to divide; if there is a large amount produced, there will be a large amount to divide; and the interests of the employer and the employee only diverge when it comes to a division of that which has been actually produced; and if they are wicks in their generation, when that divergence takes place they will sit down around the common table and endeavor to work out the problem as to how a fair basis as the circumstances surrounding the industry will permit.

Great Sale

Another Phenomenal Sale

Tomorrow and Saturday of Women's, Misses and Children's New Spring Suits, Coats, Dresses, Millinery and Shoes.

Our stocks are full and fresh now.

Come and select your Easter outfit tomorrow.

LEITZINGER BROS.

Send In That Red Envelope NOW

Seeds For Your Peace Garden

The coming of Peace does not make the savings of food unnecessary.

America has promised to feed the hungry millions of Europe.

Grow your own vegetables, and thus relieve a feed for those who must starve without our aid.

Make your 1919 PEACE GARDEN at least as large as your 1918 "WAR GARDEN."

Plant Woodruff's seeds to make your garden a success.

FOR SALE BY

CLEARFIELD HARDWARE CO.
125 Market Street

Clearfield, Pa.

